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## DEADLOCK SMASHED ON 46TH BALLOT AND NEW JERSEYAN COPS NOMINATION; MARSHALL PICKED FOR RUNNING MATE

**Break Comes When Illinois Deserts Speaker and Rambles Into Wilson Fold and all Is Over But the Count.**

**MISSOURI FAITHFUL TO CHAMP CLARK TO THE LAST**

By The Associated Press.  
Baltimore, July 3.—For president, Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey.

For vice president, Governor Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana. This was the ticket completed by the democratic national convention at 1:56 o'clock this morning.

The nomination of Governor Marshall for vice president came as something of a surprise, for when the night's balloting for vice president began it seemed that the Bryan-Wilson contingent in the convention had definitely settled upon Governor John E. Burke of North Dakota.

There was not much of a fight, however, and when two ballots disclosed Marshall easily in the lead, Governor Burke's name was withdrawn.

Good Feeling Prevailed.

Governor Wilson was nominated at the afternoon session on the 46th ballot and his nomination like that of Governor Marshall tonight, was quickly made unanimous. The best of feeling pervaded both sessions.

Mr. Bryan had announced his intention of introducing a resolution, in effect, discharging the national committee from the conduct of the coming campaign, and allowing Governor Wilson to appoint his own campaign committee. He was discredited from this course, and instead of making a move that might have stirred up strife, he made a little speech which he termed his "valedictory" and, in happy mood, turned over the mantle of his former leadership as a presidential candidate to Governor Wilson.

He pledged himself to support the nominee and ended by urging that either Governor Burke or Senator Chamberlain be nominated as vice president.

Head Off Bryan.

After the first ballot some one moved to make the nomination of Marshall unanimous. Mr. Bryan started for the stage to make a statement. The motion was withdrawn before he could speak.

When the motion was renewed, after the second ballot, Mr. Bryan did not protest.

The platform, drawn up in committee several days ago and warmly praised by Mr. Bryan, was adopted with a whoop.

Many of the delegates went directly from the convention hall to special trains, and by tomorrow practically all will have left town.

By The Associated Press.

Baltimore, July 2.—The democratic convention became a love feast tonight as it worked to select a running mate for Governor Wilson. The intense bitterness of the past week seemed to have disappeared.

When the convention suspended the regular order of business, the nomination of a vice presidential candidate, shortly before 11 o'clock to make way for the reading and adoption of the platform, six candidates for the vice presidency had been placed in nomination. They were Governor Burke of North Dakota, Governor Marshall of Indiana, Elmer W. Hurst of Illinois, Martin J. Wade of Iowa, James H. Preston of Maryland and Champ Clark.

The suggestion of Mr. Clark for second place on the ticket was the feature of the evening's performance.

The sentiment of the convention was strongly in favor of giving the speaker the place if he would accept it. H. H. Dean of Georgia placed Clark in nomination and took the convention unawares. Former Governor Dockery of Missouri withdrew Clark's name and a telegraph statement from the speaker himself declared he would not take the place.

Platform Read.

After the nominating speeches had been concluded, A. Mitchell Palmer, Wilson manager, asked unanimous consent that consideration of the vice presidential nomination be suspended and the report of the committee on resolutions received. Unanimous consent was obtained and Senator Kern, chairman of the resolutions committee, read the platform.

That disposed of, the convention returned to the business of nominating a vice president.

Robert E. Mattingly was the delegate from the District of Columbia who proposed the nomination of Mr. Bryan.

Bryan Responds.  
Mr. Bryan, in response, said for sixteen years he had been a fighting

**Named for Second Place**



GOVERNOR THOMAS R. MARSHALL, INDIANA'S FAVORITE SON.

man and now desired to say a word in the nature of a valedictory.

Mr. Bryan said if he had any enemies, those who were his enemies had a monopoly in hatred, for he did not feel that way toward any human being.

He said he held his country above any person.

"Tonight," said Bryan, "with joy I surrender the standard I have borne in three campaigns for the nominee of this convention, and I challenge anyone to say it has been lowered in the face of the enemy."

In declining to allow his name to be considered Mr. Bryan said it was not with any idea of disparaging the office. There was no office so low, he said, that he would not fill it, if he felt that his country needed him.

Vote Scattered.

When the roll call on the vice presidential nominations was ordered the ballot showed a widely scattered vote and it was apparent that there would be no nomination on the first ballot. Generally the anti-Bryan delegates were inclined to support Marshall, but the lines were not sharply drawn.

The Indiana took the lead, however, from the start and many of the Wilson-Bryan states cast their votes for him. The straight Wilson vote generally went to Burke or Chamberlain. Texas cast its 40 votes for Burke.

New York gave Marshall 90 votes, Illinois 55 on this ballot went to Elmore Wurst, a native son. Missouri gave Mayor Preston of Baltimore 25.

The first ballot gave Marshall 398, Burke 205 2-3, Chamberlain 157. The remainder of the vote was scattered among favorite sons. Before the roll call was begun a Missouri delegate tried to move to suspend the rules and nominate Marshall by acclamation. Bryan was on his feet in a moment, demanding an opportunity for all.

He made his way toward the platform, but before he could begin his talk the motion was withdrawn and the roll call for the second ballot was begun.

The result of the ballot was announced as Marshall 645 1-2, Burke 387 1-3, Chamberlain 12 1-2.

Representative Hughes of New Jersey moved that Marshall be nominated by acclamation but a chorus of dissent followed. Chairman James ordered the roll called. Before the roll call could be begun, the North Dakota delegation withdrew the name of Governor Burke and moved that the nomination of Governor Marshall be made unanimous. Before the motion could be put there was a chorus of "ayes" and the delegates began to crowd out of the hall.

No one heard the motion to adjourn or Chairman James' announcement that the convention was adjourned sine die.

The motion was declared carried at 1:56 a. m., and the democratic convention of 1912 had gone into history.

By The Associated Press.

Baltimore, July 2.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey was made the

presidential nominee of the democratic national convention at this afternoon's session when, on the 46th ballot, he received 990 votes to 84 for Champ Clark. The Missouri delegation, which had remained faithful to Clark to the end, then moved that the nomination be made unanimous. There was a great chorus of approval and the long fight was over.

Only four ballots were necessary today to reach a nomination. When the convention adjourned last night the convention had seemed to be in an all but hopeless deadlock. Wilson had begun to lose ground on the last few ballots, and Champ Clark had made a few temporary gains. This encouraged the speaker to rush over to Baltimore from Washington this morning in the hope of still further turning the tide and rallying his forces to a final stand. When he reached here, however, he learned that the Illinois delegation at an early morning conference had decided to switch from Clark to Wilson.

Fatal Break Comes.

This meant a change of 58 votes and was as fatal to Clark's chances as it was inspiring to the Wilson forces. Illinois had been expected to "break" all day yesterday and there was deep gloom in the Wilson camp when it failed to do so.

With the change this morning, however, the Wilson forces went to the convention hall at noon with the firm belief that the New Jersey governor would be nominated before another adjournment was taken. As they had anticipated, the vote of Illinois marked the beginning of the end. West Virginia joined hands with Illinois in going over to Wilson on the 45th ballot, the first cast today.

Wilson jumped from his final vote of 494 last night to 601 on the first ballot today. The figures told their own story. The Wilson delegates were jubilant, as Chairman James directed the second call of the day—the 44th ballot of the convention.

The most important change in this ballot was in the Colorado delegation, which had been voting 11 for Clark and one for Wilson. This time Colorado divided 10 to 2 in favor of Wilson.

Altogether the ultimate nominee gained 27 votes on this ballot. Then came the 46th. It was disappointing in a way, for Clark held his own, while Wilson made a gain of only four.

There were few in the hall at this time who did not believe that Wilson would win, but they feared it would take a long time for him to attain the 725 1-3 votes necessary to nominate. It was realized that there must be a decided "break" in the Underwood vote, which had held firm from the beginning, before any man could win.

The 46th ballot had been ordered. Senator Stone of Missouri, who had been in consultation with Speaker Clark, climbed to the stage, and, when he could make himself heard, released, in the name of the speaker, all of the delegates who had been pledged to him.

"As for Missouri, however," he added, "she will cast her 36 votes for old Champ Clark to the end."

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That was the beginning of the end. It became apparent that Woodrow Wilson would be nominated, and his nomination followed shortly afterwards.

Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston followed Stone. The convention was in an almost continuous uproar. The Wilson forces already were celebrating their victory. There no longer was any doubt as to the result. Mayor Fitzgerald withdrew the name of Governor Foss of Massachusetts from further consideration, and declared that the old Bay State would fall in line for Woodrow Wilson.

Missouri Sticks.

Then a second Fitzgerald was recognized by the chair. This time it was the congressman from Brooklyn, a member of the New York delegation. He made a plea for harmony and ended by suggesting that a further roll call be dispensed with and the nomination of Wilson be made by acclamation. New York, he said, was ready to vote for the man the great majority of the delegates desired as their nominee.

The faithful Missourians objected to this plan because of their desire to vote a last time for Speaker Champ Clark.

It was a foregone conclusion what the result would be as the last call of the states began.

Alabama, which had started every other call with 24 votes for Underwood, changed to Wilson, and state after state followed suit.

It was just 3:15 p. m. when the solid votes of Pennsylvania carried Wilson over the winning line, making his total at the time 733 votes.

Stampede Continues.

The stampede did not end until 9:50 of the 1088 votes in the convention had been cast for the nominee.

Missouri, with her 36 had been joined in the last ballot for Clark by 14 of California's 36 votes, by five delegates from Florida, two from Florida, two from Louisiana, all six from Nevada, four from New Jersey, the home state of Governor Wilson, six from the District of Columbia and one from Ohio. This little band of ready joiners in the chorus of acclamation when Senator Stone moved that the nomination be made unanimous. It was 3:35 p. m. when Chairman James officially declared Mr. Wilson the nominee of his party. There was an attempt at a demonstration, but the delegates were too tired to keep it up for long.

Music Ceases.

Then, too, the local appropriation for a band had run out last Saturday night and there was no inspiring music to help along the enthusiasm. In this respect the nomination was unique. Everyone in the convention hall seemed in a happy frame of mind, at the end had come.

William J. Bryan, who had taken absolutely no part in the proceedings of the day other than to cast his vote with a majority of the Nebraska delegation for Governor Wilson, was surrounded by many admirers, but would say nothing at the time. He said he would prepare a statement later in the day.

Nominations for the vice presidency were in order, but no one had

led him. While in college he resolved to become a public man. To that end he studied law and hung out his shingle. But his legal practice was not lucrative and after 18 months of it he gave it up and with it for years to come his desire for office.

His father, the Rev. Joseph Rogers Wilson, moved to Georgia when Woodrow was 2 years old and later preached in various churches in North and South Carolina.

Young Wilson entered Davidson college at the age of 17. After two years he entered Princeton, from which he graduated in 1879. He then studied law in the University of Virginia, receiving the degrees of bachelor of laws in 1882.

He received the degree of bachelor of philosophy from Johns Hopkins university in 1886, that of doctor of laws from Wake Forest university, North Carolina, in 1887, and that of doctor of literature from Yale university at its bicentennial. Professor Wilson occupied the position of assistant professor of history at Bryn Mawr college and was afterwards professor of history and political economy in Wesleyan university. In 1890 he became professor of jurisprudence and political economy at Princeton. In 1895 the title of his chair was changed to that of professor of jurisprudence and upon its endowment he became McCormick professor of jurisprudence and politics. Professor Wilson also for several years gave a course of lectures in Johns Hopkins university.

He gained fame also as a lecturer and writer. His work entitled "The State," and his "Life of George Washington" are among his best-known writings.

Professor Wilson became the 13th in the roll of presidents of Princeton. As a professor he was always popular, and his elective classes were always among the largest.

During his administration at Princeton, Dr. Wilson made two attempts to change materially the character of American education. In one project he not only failed but alienated the support of a large body of alumni, of many of the trustees and some of his co-workers on the teaching staff. That project which

did not succeed was to establish the

citizens of Baltimore, as well as the thousands of visiting delegates, their relatives and friends.

The original "houn' dawg" is riding in state with a Clark boomer. This turnout made a big hit with the

A typical outfit parading the streets of Baltimore to forward the candidacy of Speaker Champ Clark.

The original "houn' dawg" is riding in state with a Clark boomer. This turnout made a big hit with the

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**Nominated for President By Democratic Convention**



Photo copyright by American Press Association.

WOODROW WILSON.

Woodrow Wilson, the democratic party's nominee for president of the United States, was born in 1856 in Virginia, where he was baptized as Thomas Woodrow Wilson. He dropped the Thomas about the time he copyrighted his first book. Mr. Wilson cannot, like many an office seeker, appeal to the sentimentality of the public by an account of a self-made man's rise from poverty. His father and grandfather were educated men, prominent in their communities and while not rich were able to give the aspiring young scholar a liberal education.

It was not toward scholarship, however, that his earliest ambition

led him. While in college he resolved to become a public man. To that end he studied law and hung out his shingle. But his legal practice was not lucrative and after 18 months of it he gave it up and with it for years to come his desire for office.

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## FIVE DIE AS A BALLOON EXPLODES

MONSTER AIRSHIP AKRON FALLS 500 FEET WITH CREW INTO OCEAN.

Melvin Vaniman and Four Perish in Wreck of Dirigible Off Atlantic City.

By The Associated Press.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 2.—Sailing out over the Atlantic under perfect control, the great airship Akron, in command of Melvin Vaniman, with a crew of four men, exploded while more than 500 feet in the air early today and shot down into the water a tangled mass. The daring navigator and his companions were carried to instant death.

Wrecked in Calm.

In all the tragic history of aerial disasters probably none was as sensational as that which destroyed the most costly air craft ever constructed in the western hemisphere. Built to withstand the storms of the Atlantic and to carry at least a dozen men across the ocean, the Akron went to her doom in calm weather. Those who went down with the big dirigible beside the intrepid Melvin Vaniman are: Calvin Vaniman, his younger brother; Fred Elmer, George Bourhill of Philadelphia, Walter C. Gest, a friend of Vaniman.

Up to sundown two bodies, those of Calvin Vaniman and Gest, had been recovered from the wreckage, which lies submerged in about 15 feet of water of Brigantine Beach.

A Test Flight.

The Akron, which had been inflated last February with gas manufactured by Vaniman in the big hangar at the inlet, was taken out at 6 o'clock this morning for a test flight. One dash had been made about a month ago. Defects discovered at that time were remedied, and today's trial was to have been among the last prior to the farewell attempt to cross the Atlantic.

Mrs. Vaniman bade her husband farewell at the little cottage near the hangar at 5 a. m. and waited for daylight to see her husband sail away.

The city authorities had been notified of the intended test. A hundred policemen, firemen and other willing hands helped in floating the great gas bag out of the hangar.

The launching of the air craft was accomplished without difficulty. Gracefully she sailed away.

See Burst of Flame.

Off Brigantine Beach came the disaster. The thousands of spectators who had been watching the ship saw a burst of flame outlined against the morning sky. In a few seconds the onlookers were horrified to see the car of the balloon detach itself from the big bag and shoot downward into the water, followed by the collapsed gas bag.

By intuition everybody appeared to have realized what had occurred. Fishermen and yachtsmen who were out in the little boats watching the ship immediately started to the rescue. Soon a hundred boats were beating their way out over the rough waters of the inlet bar. When the first boats reached the wreck scene, the rescuers found only the collapsed gas bag, but after a search the submerged body, which proved to be that of the younger Vaniman, was discovered.

Divers Go Down.

Divers went down to the wreck, but there was little that could be done until low tide, when Gest's body was disengaged from the wreckage and brought ashore.

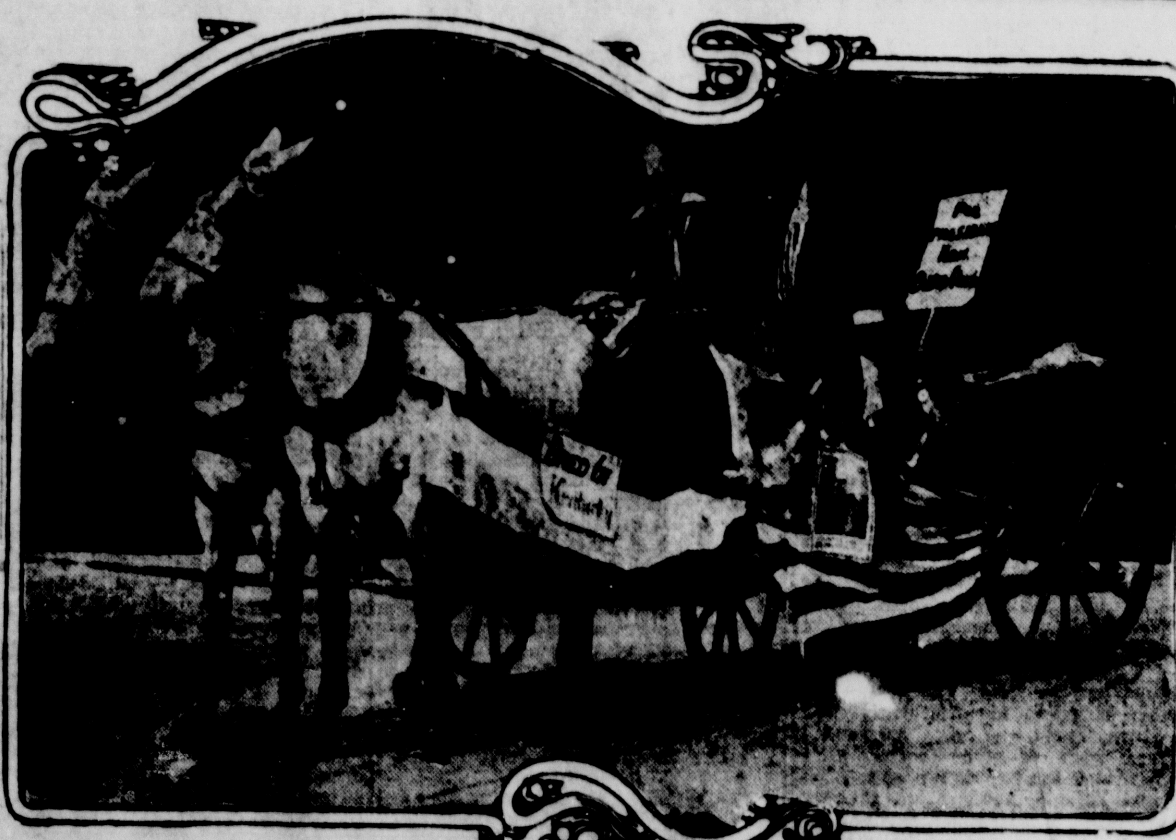
There are many theories as to the cause of the disaster. One is that air got into the gas bag. Another that the rays of the morning sun expanded the gas and caused the envelope to burst. The third was that the flames reached the gasoline, and a fourth theory advanced was that a stray rope caught one of the propellers, that it was whipped around and striking the gas bag, tore a hole in it, letting out the gas.

Wife Sees Disaster.

Mrs. Vaniman saw the collapse of the balloon and its drop into the ocean, carrying with it her husband and brother-in-law. She swooned.

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## Clark Booster and "Houn' Dawg"



A typical outfit parading the streets of Baltimore to forward the candidacy of Speaker Champ Clark.

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# PROGRESSIVE PLATFORM OF DEMOCRATIC PARTY

We, the representatives of the democratic party of the United States, in national convention assembled, reaffirm our devotion to the principles of democratic government formulated by Thomas Jefferson and enforced by a long and illustrious line of democratic presidents.

**Tariff Reform.**  
We declare it to be a fundamental principle of the democratic party that the federal government under the constitution has no right or power to impose or collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue, and we demand that the collection of such taxes shall be limited to the necessities of government, honestly and economically administered.

The high republican tariff is the principal cause of the unequal distribution of wealth; it is a system of taxation which makes the rich richer and the poor poorer; under its operation the American farmer and laborer are the chief sufferers. The tariff raises the cost of the necessities of life to them, but does not protect their product or wages. The farmer sells largely in free markets and buys almost entirely in the protected markets. In the most highly protected industries, such as cotton and wool, steel and iron, the wages of the laborers are the lowest priced in any of our industries. We denounce the republican pretense on that subject and assert that American wages are established by competitive conditions and not by the tariff.

We favor the immediate downward revision of the existing high and in many cases prohibitive tariff duties, insisting that material reduction be speedily made upon the necessities of life. Articles entering into competition with trust controlled products and articles of American manufacture which are sold abroad more cheaply than at home, should be put on the free list.

We recognize that our system of tariff taxation is intimately connected with the business of the country and we favor the ultimate attainment of the principles we advocate by legislation that will not injure or destroy legitimate industry.

We denounce the action of President Taft in vetoing to reduce the tariff in the cotton, woolen, metals and chemical schedules and the farmers' free list bill, all of which are designed to give immediate relief to the masses from the exactions of the trusts.

The republican party, while promising revision, has shown by its tariff legislation that such revision is not to be in the people's interest and having been faithless to its pledges of 1908 it should no longer enjoy the confidence of the nation. We appeal to the American people to support us in our demand for a tariff for revenue only.

**High Cost of Living.**

The high cost of living is a serious problem in every American home. The republican party, in its platform, attempts to escape from responsibility for present conditions by denying that they are due to a protective tariff. We take issue with them on this subject, and charge that excessive prices result in a large measure from the high tariff laws enacted and maintained by the republican party and from trusts and commercial conspiracies fostered and encouraged by such laws, and we assert that no substantial relief can be secured for the people until import duties on the necessities of life are materially reduced and these criminal conspiracies broken up.

**Anti-Trust Law.**  
A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. We therefore favor the vigorous enforcement of the criminal as well as the civil law against the trust officials and demand the enactment of such additional legislation as may be necessary to make it impossible for a private monopoly to exist in the United States.

We favor a declaration by law of the condition upon which corporations shall be permitted to engage in interstate trade, including, among others, the prevention of holding companies, of interlocking directors, of stock watering, of discrimination in price and the control by any one corporation of so large a proportion of any industry as to make it a menace to competitive conditions.

We condemn the action of the republican administration in conspiring with the Standard Oil company, the Tobacco trust, and its failure to invoke the criminal provisions of the anti-trust law against the officers of these corporations after the court had declared that from the undisputed facts in the records they had violated the criminal provisions of the law.

We regret that the Sherman anti-trust law has received a judicial construction depriving it of much of its efficiency, and we favor the enactment of legislation which will restore to the statute the strength of which it was deprived by such interpretation.

**Rights of the States.**  
We believe in the preservation and maintenance in their full strength and integrity of the three co-ordinate branches of the federal government—the executive, the legislative and judicial—each keeping within its own bounds and not encroaching on the just powers of either of the others.

Believing that the most efficient results under our system of government are to be attained by the full exercise by the states of their reserved sovereign powers, we denounce as usurpation the efforts of our opponents to deprive the states of any of the rights reserved to them and to enlarge and magnify by indirect means the powers of the federal government.

We insist upon the full exercise of all the powers of the government, both state and national, to protect the people from injustice at the

hands of those who seek to make the government a private asset in business. There is no twilight zone between the nation and the state in which exploiting interests can take refuge from both. It is as necessary that the federal government should exercise the powers reserved to them, but we insist that federal remedies for the regulation of interstate commerce and for the prevention of private monopoly shall be added to and not submitted for state remedy.

**Income Tax and Popular Election of Senators.**

We congratulate the country upon the triumph of two important reforms demanded in the last national platform, the amendment of the federal constitution authorizing an income tax and the amendment providing for the popular election of senators, and we call upon the people of all the states to rally to the support of the pending propositions and secure their ratification.

We note with gratification the unanimous sentiment in favor of publicity before the election of campaign contributions, a measure demanded in our national platform of 1908 and at that time opposed by the republican party, and we commend the democratic house of representatives for extending the doctrine of publicity to recommendations, verbal and written, upon which presidential appointments are made, to the ownership and control of newspapers and to the expenditures made by and in behalf of those who aspire to presidential nominations, and we point for additional justification for this legislation to the enormous expenditures of money in behalf of the president and his predecessor in the recent contest for the republican nomination for president.

**Presidential Primaries.**

The movement towards more popular government should be promoted through legislation in each state which would permit the expression of the preference of the electors for national candidates at presidential primaries.

We direct that the national committee incorporate in the call for the next nominating convention a requirement that all expressions of preference for presidential candidates shall be given and the selection of delegates and alternates made through a primary election conducted by the party organization in each state where such expression and election are not provided for by state law.

Committeemen who are hereafter to constitute the membership of the democratic national committee and whose election is provided for by law shall be chosen in each state at such primary elections, and the service and authority of committeemen, however chosen, shall begin immediately upon the receipt of their credentials, respectively.

**Campaign Contributions.**  
We pledge the democratic party to the enactment of a law prohibiting any corporation from contributing to a campaign fund and any individual from contributing any amount above a reasonable maximum.

**Term of President.**

We favor a single presidential term, and to that end urge the adoption of an amendment to the constitution making the president of the United States ineligible for reelection, and we pledge the candidate of this convention to this principle.

**Democratic Congress.**

At this time, when the republican party, after a generation of unlimited power in its control of the federal government, is rent into factions, it is opportune to point to the record of accomplishments of the democratic house of representatives in the Sixty-second congress. We endorse its action and we challenge comparison of its record with that of any congress which has been controlled by our opponents.

We call the attention of the patriotic citizens of our country to its record of efficiency, economy and among other achievements, revised the rules of the house so as to give to the representatives of the American people freedom of speech and of action in advocating, proposing and perfecting remedial legislation.

It has passed bills for the relief of the people and the development of our country.  
It has endeavored to revise the tariff taxes downward in the interest of the consuming masses and thus reduce the high cost of living.

It has proposed an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of United States senators by the people.  
It has secured the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as two sovereign states.

It has required the publicity of campaign expenses both before and after election and fixed a limit upon the election expenses of United States senators and representatives.  
It has also passed a bill to prevent the abuse of the writ of injunction.

It has passed a law establishing an eight-hour day for workmen on all national public work.  
It has passed a resolution which forced the president to take immediate steps to abrogate the Russian treaty.

And it has passed the great supply bills which lessen waste and extravagance and which reduce the annual expenses of the government by many millions of dollars.  
We approve the measure reported by the democratic leaders in the house of representatives for the creation of a council of a national defense, which will determine a definite naval program with a view to increased efficiency and economy. The party that proclaimed and has always enforced the Monroe doctrine and was sponsor for the new navy, will continue faithfully to observe

the constitutional requirements to provide and maintain an adequate, well proportioned navy sufficient to defend American policies, protect our citizens and uphold the honor and dignity of the nation.

**Republican Extravagance.**

We denounce the prodigal waste of the money wrong from the people by oppressive taxation through the lavish appropriations of recent republican congresses, which have held taxes high and reduced the purchasing power of the people's toll. We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which benefits a democratic government, and a reduction in the number of useless offices the salaries of which drain the substance of the people.

**Railroads, express Companies, Telegraph, Telephone Lines.**

We favor the efficient supervision and rational regulation of railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines engaged in interstate business. To this end we recommend the valuation of railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines by the interstate commerce commission, such valuation to take into consideration the physical value of the property, the original cost, the cost of reproduction and any element of valuation fair and just.

We favor such legislation as will effectually prohibit the railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines from engaging in business which brings them into competition with their shippers or patrons; also legislation preventing the over-issuance of stocks and bonds by interstate railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines, and legislation which will assure such reduction in transportation as concluded will permit care being taken to avoid reduction of wages, prevent inadequate service or the injustice to legitimate investments.

**Banking Legislation.**

We oppose the so-called Aldrich bill or the establishment of a central bank, and we believe the people of the country will be largely freed from panics and consequent unemployment and business depression by such a systematic revision of our banking laws as will render temporary relief in localities where such relief is needed, with protection from control or domination by what is known as the money trust.

Banks exist for the accommodation of the public, and not for the control of business. All legislation on the subject of banking and currency should have for its purpose the securing of these accommodations on terms of absolute security to the public and of complete protection from the misuse of the power that wealth gives to those who possess it.

We condemn the present methods of depositing government funds in a few favored banks, largely situated in or controlled by Wall street in return for political favors, and we pledge our party to provide by law for the deposit by competitive bidding in the banking institutions of the country, national and state, without discrimination as to location, upon approved securities and subject to call by the government.

**Rural Credits.**

Of equal independence with the question of currency reform is the question of rural credits of agricultural finance; therefore, we recommend that an investigation of agricultural credits societies in foreign countries shall be made, so that it may be ascertained whether a system of rural credits may be devised suitable to conditions in the United States, and we also favor legislation permitting national banks to loan a reasonable proportion of their funds on real estate security.

We recognize the value of vocational education and urge federal appropriations for such training and extension of teaching in agriculture in co-operation with the several states.

**Waterways.**

We renew the declaration in our last platform relating to the conservation of our natural resources and the development of our waterways. The present devastation of the lower Mississippi valley accentuates the movement for the regulation of river flow by additional bank and levee protection below, and the diversion, storage and control of the flood waters above and their utilization for beneficial purposes in the reclamation of arid and swamp land and the development of waterpower, instead of permitting the floods to continue as heretofore agents of destruction.

We hold that the control of the Mississippi river is a national problem. The preservation of the depth of its water for the purpose of navigation, the building of levees to maintain the integrity of its channel and the prevention of the over-valuation of its land and its consequent devastation, resting in the interruption of interstate commerce, and the disorganization of the mail service, and the enormous loss of life and property, impose an obligation which alone can be discharged by the general government.

To maintain an adequate depth of water the entire year and thereby encourage water transportation is a consummation worthy of legislative attention and presents an issue national in its character. It calls for prompt action on the part of congress and the democratic party pledges itself to the enactment of legislation leading to that end.

We favor the co-operation of the United States and the respective states in plans for the comprehensive treatment of all waterways with a view of co-ordinating plans for channel improvements with plans for drainage of swamp and overflow lands and to this end we favor the appropriation by the federal government of sufficient funds to make the surveys of such lands, to develop plants for drainage of the same and

to supervise the work of construction.

We favor the adoption of a liberal and comprehensive plan for the development and improvement of our inland waterways, with economy and efficiency, so as to permit their navigation by vessels of standard draft.

**Post Roads.**

We favor national aid to state and local authorities in the construction and maintenance of post roads.

**Rights of Labor.**

We repeal our declarations of the platform of 1908, as follows:  
"The courts of justice are the bulwark of our liberties, and we yield to none in our purpose to maintain their dignity. Our party has given to the bench a long line of distinguished justices who have added to the respect and confidence in which this department must be jealously maintained. We resent the attempt of the republican party to raise a false issue respecting the judiciary. It is an unjust reflection on this party to assume that it lacks respect for the courts."

It is the function of the courts to interpret the laws which the people enact, and if the laws appear to work economic, social, or political injustice, it is our duty to change them. The only basis upon which the integrity of our courts can stand is that of unwavering justice and protection of life, personal liberty and property. As judicial processes may be abused, we should guard them against abuse.

Experience has proved the necessity of a modification of the present law relating to injunctions, and we reiterate the pledges of our platform of 1896 and 1904 in favor of a measure which passed the United States senate in 1896 relating to direct contempt in federal courts and providing for trial by jury in cases of indirect contempt. Questions of judicial practice have arisen, especially in connection with industrial disputes. We believe that the parties to all judicial proceedings should be treated with rigid impartiality and that injunctions should not be issued in any case in which an injunction would not issue if no industrial dispute was involved.

The expanding organization of industry makes it essential that there should be no abridgement of the right of the wage earners and producers to organize for the protection of wages and the improvement of labor conditions to the end that such labor organizations and their members should not be regarded as illegal combinations in restraint of trade.

We pledge the democratic party to the enactment of a law creating a department of labor represented separately in the president's cabinet, in which department shall be included the subject of mines and mining.

We pledge the democratic, so far as the federal jurisdiction extends, to an employees' compensation law providing adequate indemnity for injury to body or loss of life.

**Conservation.**

We believe in the conservation and the development for use of all the people of the natural resources of the country. Our forests, our sources of water supply, our arable and our mineral lands, our navigable streams and all other material resources with which our country has been so lavishly endowed, constitute the foundation of our national wealth. Such additional legislation as may be necessary to prevent their being wasted or absorbed by special or privileged interests, should be enacted and the policy of their conservation should be rigidly adhered to.

The public domain should be administered and disposed of with due regard to the general welfare. Reservations should be limited to the purposes which they purport to serve and not extended to include land wholly unsuited therefor. The unwholly withdrawal from sale and settlement of enormous tracts of public land; upon which tree growth never existed and cannot be promoted, tends only to retard development, create discontent and bring reproach upon the policy of conservation.

The public lands should be administered in a spirit of the broadest liberality towards the settler exhibiting bona fide purposes to convert therewith to the end that the invitation of the government to the landless will be as attractive as possible, and the plain provisions of the forest reserve act, permitting homestead entries to be made within the national forests, should not be nullified by administrative regulations which amount to a withdrawal of great areas of the same from settlement. Immediate action should be taken by congress to make available the vast and valuable coal deposits of Alaska, under conditions that will be a perfect guaranty against their falling into the hands of monopolistic corporations, associations of interests.

We rejoice in the inheritance of mineral resources unequalled in extent, variety or value, and in the development of a mining industry unequalled in its magnitude.  
We have men who in their hazardous toil underground, daily risk their lives in extracting and preparing for our use the products of the mine, so essential to the industries, the commerce and the comfort of the people of this country, and we pledge our party to the extension of the work of the bureau of mines in every way appropriate for national legislation with a view to safeguarding the lives of the miners, lessening the waste of essential resources and promoting the economic development of mining which along with agriculture must in the future even more than in the past, serve as the very foundation of our national prosperity and welfare and our international commerce.

**Agriculture.**

We believe in encouraging the development of a modern system of agriculture and a systematic method to improve the conditions of trade in farm products so as to benefit both the consumers and producers, and as

an efficient means to this end we favor the enactment by congress of legislation that will surpass the pernicious practice of gambling in agricultural products by organized exchanges or others.

**Merchant Marine.**

We believe in fostering by constitutional regulation of commerce the growth of a merchant marine which shall develop and strengthen the commercial ties which bind us to our sister republics of the south, but without imposing additional burdens upon the people and without bounties or subsidies from the public treasury. We urge upon congress the speedy enactment of laws for the greater security of life and property at sea and we favor the repeal of all laws and the abrogation of so much of our treaties with other nations which provide for the arrest and imprisonment of seamen charged with desertion, or with violation of their contract of service. Such laws and treaties are un-American and violate the spirit if not the letter of the constitution of the United States.

We favor the exemption from tolls of American ships engaged in coastwise trade passing through the Panama canal.

We also favor legislation forbidding the use of the Panama canal by ships controlled by railroad carriers engaged in transportation competitive with the canal.

**Pure Food and Public Health.**

We reaffirm our previous declaration advocating the union and strengthening of the various governmental agencies relating to pure foods, quarantine, vital statistics and human health. Thus united and administered without partiality to or discrimination against any school of medicine or system of healing, they would constitute a single health service, not subordinated to any commercial or financial interests, but devoted exclusively to the conservation of human life and to efficiency. Moreover, this health service should co-operate with the health agencies in our various states and cities, without interference with their prerogatives or with the freedom of individuals to employ such medicine or hygienic aid as they see fit.

**Civil Service Law.**

The law pertaining to the civil service should be honestly and rigidly enforced to the end that merit and ability shall be the standard of appointment and promotion, rather than service rendered to a political party, and we favor a reorganization of the civil service with adequate compensation commensurate with the class of work performed for all officers and employees; we also favor the extension of all classes of civil service employees of benefits of provisions of the employers' liability law; we also recognize the right of direct petition to congress by employees for the redress of grievances.

**Law Reform.**

We recognize the urgent need of reform in the administration of civil and criminal laws in the United States and we recommend the enactment of such legislation, and the promotion of such measures as will rid the present legal system of the delays, expense and uncertainties incident to the system as now administered.

**The Philippines.**

We reaffirm the position thrice announced by the democratic party in national convention assembled against a policy of imperialism and colonial exploitation in the Philippine or elsewhere. We condemn the experiment in imperialism which has involved us in enormous expense, brought us weakness instead of strength and laid our nation open to the charge of abandonment of the fundamentals of self government. We favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to recognize the independence of the Philippine islands as soon as a stable government can be established, such independence to be guaranteed by us in the neutralization of the islands to be secured by treaty with other powers. In recognizing the independence of the Philippines, our government should retain such land as may be necessary for coaling stations and naval bases.

**Arizona and New Mexico.**

We welcome Arizona and New Mexico to the sisterhood of states and heartily congratulate them upon their auspicious beginning of great and glorious careers.

**Alaska.**  
We demand for the people of Alaska the full enjoyment of the rights and privileges of a territorial form of government, and we believe that the officials appointed to administer the government of all our territories and the District of Columbia should be qualified by previous bona fide residence.

**Russian Treaty.**

We commend the patriotism of the democratic members of the senate and house of representatives which compelled the terminating of the Russian treaty of 1832 and we pledge ourselves anew to preserve the sacred rights of American citizens at home and abroad. No treaty should receive the sanction of our government which does not recognize that equality of all our citizenship, irrespective of race or creed, and which does not express the guarantee and the fundamental right of expatriation.

The constitutional right of American citizens should protect them throughout the world, and every American citizen residing or having property in any foreign country is entitled to and must be given the full protection of the United States government both for himself and his property.

**Parcel Post, Rural Delivery.**

We favor the establishment of a parcel post or postal express, and also the extension of the rural free delivery system as rapidly as practicable.

**Panama Canal Exposition.**  
We hereby express our deep interest in the great Panama canal exposition to be held in San Francisco in 1915, and favor such encouragement as can be properly given.

**Protection of National Uniform.**

We commend to the several states the adoption of a law making it an

## Probably You Are Busy



Just Let the Following Firms Know Your Needs. All Orders Filled Promptly by Phone.

**THE STAR GROCERY CO**  
Ind. Phones 175-1481  
S. W. 688-689.

**Geisler & Wosnig**  
SANITARY PLUMBERS  
114 South Eighth Street.  
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THE PROGRESSIVE LAND BROKERS  
WE ARE THE HOME BUILDERS  
502 AUSTIN AVENUE, WACO, TEXAS.  
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## METAL SHINGLES

For pitched roofs, light, durable, fire and water proof, attractive in appearance, cost no more than wood shingles, and will last much longer. The great Houston fire recently demonstrated their fire-resisting qualities. Save the insurance by using fire proof roof. Let us figure with you. For sale by

## TORBETT & GERMOND CO.

Flinners and Cornice Makers, also Agents for the Celebrated Kelsey Hot Air Furnaces.

## Candy Factory of THE ROTAN GROCERY COMPANY

"Quality" Is Our Watchword

And we manufacture the very best high-grade Candies, out of the best materials obtainable.

ALL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION.

## GET YOUR HEADS TOGETHER AND THINK A LITTLE

IF YOU KNEW WHAT WE KNOW ABOUT A COLUMBUS BUGGY, YOU WOULD LOOK NO MORE.

Seven Styles Columbus Phaetons in Last Car.

Sold on Any Kind of Terms.

## TOM PADGITT COMPANY

W. T. Watt, President. J. K. Rose, Vice President. E. A. Sturgis, Cashier  
W. T. Clifton, Assistant Cashier.

## Provident National Bank

WACO, TEXAS

CAPITAL \$300,000. SURPLUS AND PROFITS \$200,000.

DIRECTORS—W. T. WATT, GEO. WILLIG, J. R. DOWNS, J. K. ROSE, GEO. CLARK, E. A. STURGIS, BEN KENDALL.  
SOLICITS THE ACCOUNTS OF BANKS, CORPORATIONS, FIRMS AND INDIVIDUALS, and promises careful attention to business entrusted to it.

offense for the proprietors of places of public amusement and entertainment to discriminate against the uniform of the United States, similar to the law passed by congress applicable to the District of Columbia and the territories in 1911.

**Pensions.**  
We renew the declaration of our last platform relating to a general pension policy.

**Rule of the People.**  
We call attention to the fact that the democratic party's demand for a return to the rule of the people expressed in the national platform four years ago, has now become the accepted doctrine of a large majority of the electors. We again remind the country that only by a larger exercise of the reserved power of the people can they protect themselves from the misuse of delegated power and the usurpation of governmental instruments by special interests.

For this reason the national committee, insistent on the overthrow of Cautionism and the inauguration of a system by which United States senators could be elected by the people's vote. The democratic party offers itself to the country as an agency through which the complete overthrow and extirpation of corruption, fraud and machine rule in American politics can be effected.

**Conclusion.**  
Our platform is one of the principles which we believe to be essential to our national welfare. Our pledges are made to be kept when in office as well as relied upon during the campaign, and we invite the co-operation of all citizens, regardless of party, who believe in maintaining unimpaired the institution and traditions of the country.

A real cynic doesn't believe in love.

**BIDS WANTED FOR OIL, ETC.**  
On account of misunderstanding of time for opening bids, same were not opened as advertised, but will be taken up on Friday, July 5th.  
THOS. A. CAUFIELD,  
Com. of Finance.

**BIDS WANTED.**  
The city of Waco owns three old houses located on River street in East Waco and desires to sell same. Call on the undersigned for information relative to this matter.  
THOS. A. CAUFIELD,  
Com. of Finance.

A grievance grows in all kinds of weather.

## TRY THE

## El Sidelo SMOKERS

THE GREATEST 5c CIGAR ON EARTH.

For Sale Everywhere.

## Herz Brothers

Distributors.



## PEACHES! PEACHES! PEACHES!

On Sale today, over one hundred bushels

### Fancy Carmen Peaches

These peaches will be sold cheap, as they have to be moved in one day—today—Wednesday.

Ring us for prices.

## The Grocery So Different

All Phones No. 8.

### A LIVING FISH NET.

How Native of Oceanica Islands Procure Food.

A peculiar method of fishing is employed by the natives of certain of the islands of Oceanica.

At stated intervals about 200 of them will assemble on the beach and all together plunge into the water, each carrying a branch of the cocoa palm.

At a given distance from the shore they will turn toward it, and form a compact half circle, each holding his palm branch perpendicularly in the water, thus forming a kind of seine.

The leader of the party gives a signal, and this living net approaches the shore gradually, in perfect order, driving before it a multitude of fishes. Surrounded by this living wall and caught in the cocoa palm branches, many of the fishes are cast on the sands and others are killed with sticks.—New York Herald.

Most summer matrimonial engagements are the result of an effort on the part of silly young men and women to kill time.—Chicago News.

### TRY A

## "La Zuma"

### Smoker

TODAY for \$5—and you will buy them again TOMORROW and every day thereafter.

At All Dealers.

SAM FREUND & CO.

DISTRIBUTORS.



**Quickest Time  
and Thru Sleepers**  
WACO TO ST. LOUIS AND  
KANSAS CITY.

**The Katy Limited**  
Leaves Waco 4 p. m.

**The Katy Flyer**  
Leaves Waco 4:45 a. m.  
For reservations, see or phone  
W. A. MORROW, C. P. & T. A.  
500 Austin St.

## Your Name Please?

If your name commences with any letter in the English alphabet, from A to Z inclusive, we can "fit" you out with the latest and most fashionable "High Class" "Good Form" Initial Paper or Correspondence Cards. "People are frequently judged by the paper they write their letters on."

**W.B. Morrison's**  
"Old Corner"

Resall—Best—Ur—All.

## Current Events

In Woman's Sphere

Both Telephones 1958.

MISS KATE FRIEND, Editor.

### SOME POST CARD NOTES BRING IDEAS OF INTEREST

The mail bag of Wednesday found an interesting trio of post cards, each of which brings some message worthy of mention.

One from Mrs. W. O. Wilkes brings an interesting note especially to the members of the Woman's club. It is the anticipation of the coming winter. Mrs. Wilkes will matriculate in the University at Ann Arbor for the summer study of this subject, as well as to take a course in fine arts. This will give her an exceedingly profitable summer.

Mrs. Katherine Padgett sends a card from Calvert bearing the message that she with Mr. Padgett and Ross Padgett, are touring in their automobile for Houston. There the party will visit the Frank Ross and the Joseph Rice homes and later have the trip across the wonderful and invigorating causeway to Galveston.

Among the cards of Wednesday one came from the Downman-McDonald party, who wrote from the Marlborough-Blenheim hotel, Atlantic City, and remarked that the stop there was only a few days to escape the cold of the North Shore, to which they have since gone. The "intense cold" sounds rather a misnomer to us of Texas on a July day.

The picture of the Marlborough-Blenheim hotel recalls something of our inter relation socially with England. When our Consuelo Vanderbilt became the Duchess of Marlborough she went at once to the family estate near Oxford and made her home in famous Blenheim castle.

This is named for the great victory of a former Duke of Marlborough. This hotel has two immense projecting arms, each with one of the names to commemorate our American girl and her married association. But poor Consuelo Vanderbilt has lost all the glory of that alliance through an unhappy married life. She is still loved in England, but only once has she appeared with nobility. That was in the recent coronation. No one of our American girls has ever been so popular at the Court of St. James. Even now that she is a divorcee and no longer officially connected, Consuelo Vanderbilt is the favorite of the court circle. She has become deaf and does not care to mingle in the gay world. She spends the most of her time in a retired home in South England with her pets and her sewing. The one pleasure in this lonely life is the visit half the year of her interesting young boys, whose other half-year is spent with their father at Blenheim. In the meantime, since "Duchess" left, Blenheim castle is closed all but a few rooms in which the Duke lives. Visitors no longer flock as they did when Consuelo Vanderbilt reigned there. All the retainers are dismissed and many of the villagers gone, because there is nothing by which they can make a living. Is it not all a forcible commentary upon the international marriage?

**SOCIETY REMAINS AT CHURCH  
SHOULD CONFORM TO RITUAL**

There has been noted many times, especially in Saint Paul's church, that audiences are remiss in following the service. This refers particularly to the Episcopal, because it is the only marriage service in which those assembled are supposed to join. Also, at funerals. Is the Episcopalian asked to follow her service before the stranger? She is not in her regular worship, then why should she be upon the special occasion? It is the general admission that no church as a more impressive ritual than has the Episcopal. If the members will lead, others will follow. In the wedding service especially it is to be commended that Episcopalians rise, kneel, repeat and otherwise follow the form prescribed in the prayer book. This not only makes the service impressive, but it adds a sacred solemnity to the marriage. The members should open the prayer book and share it with those near. Others will fall in, and add much to the order. This is a duty.

### INTERESTING SERVICE AT ST. PAUL'S CHURCH

In an interesting service at Saint Paul's on Tuesday morning, the infant twins of Rev. and Mrs. W. F. Witsell were christened. These bear the names Charles and Cutler. Bishop Kinsolving came from Austin especially to officiate at this christening. There were invited to be present the vestrymen and their wives. Mrs. Robert Greer Patton and Mrs. George Willard with C. L. Johnson, William Meade, E. R. Bolton and J. L. Brockenbrough were the sponsors. Aside from the personal interest between pastor and parishioners, this was a noteworthy service, since it is the second baptism for twins with a rector for St. Paul's. The first was the son and daughter of Rev. Frank Page. For the Witsell christening a number gathered. The church altar was made attractive and many noted the event. Rev. and Mrs. Witsell are comparatively recent comers, but they are already friends to all in the parish.

### THE EVANGELIA BOARD MEETS THIS MORNING

The monthly meeting of the Evangelia Settlement board takes place at the Settlement House this morning. Members will note the change of hour from 10 o'clock to half after nine.

### SOCIAL EVENTS FOR TODAY SEVERAL ARE SCHEDULED

It is midsummer, to be sure, but the social side of the calendar would never betray it. Today has every moment filled.

There is as the morning diversion for more than fifty friends of Mrs. H. C. Risher a gathering by invitation in her home in compliment to Miss Lena Woodford of Maryland and Greta Williams of Alabama.

In the afternoon there is the courtesy to the Sub Rosas and other friends from Miss Beatrice Beaumont out at the Huaco club.

At seven o'clock St. Paul's church will be opened to a large concourse of friends who have received the wedding invitations for Miss Lucy Early and Thomas Edward Jarman. The evening hour finds the friends from the dancing set of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Rice Bolton enjoying a lawn dance in honor of the household guest, Miss Mary Olmstead, from New York.

### HAROLD SHEAR DINNER HOST TO ENTERTAIN ATTENDANTS

As the last evening of his bachelor days, Harold Shear ordered an elaborate dinner served out at the Huaco club. To this he invited the "frat" friends who were to attend him on Tuesday evening during his marriage service. The occasion introduced two who had come especially for this service to Mr. Shear, Messrs. Brooks of Houston and Slaughter of Austin. The courses were all accompanied by the appropriate wines and other features added to make this a club dinner well worthy the name.

The company was jolly, and Mr. Shear the model host. After the cheer and cigars there was adjournment to the church for rehearsal in this dinner party there were Bart Moore Jr., W. D. Lacy Jr., Coman Shear, John Caulfield, Wilbur Crawford, Emory Brooks of Houston and James Slaughter of Austin.

### WARBURTON PARK MEETING WITH MRS. T. E. PEYTON

At the last meeting of the Warburton Park association with Mrs. T. E. Peyton there was little accomplished except to discuss plans for the summer. There will be adjournment for the season, but later the women hope to have one of the summer band concerts and combine with an ice cream supper. They also see visions of a band stand. Their main desire, however, is to see the park enclosed with a cement curb. This is not only for the symmetry as a border, but to stop the encroachments from reckless driving. The lawn will be kept mowed, and other attentions paid the park in order that it may continue what it is now, a pleasure to the neighborhood and one of the beauty spots of the city.

### MRS. IRA SELEY HAS CARD CLUB ON TUESDAY MORNING

The regular Tuesday morning game of bridge for the summer found Mrs. Ira Seley's pretty little bungalow on Franklin the gathering point for the game. One of the pleasant incidents was the first appearance of Mrs. Harvey Mac Richey since her marriage and wedding tour. Mrs. Richey played her first game as a member of the club and had fortune favor her with the head prize. The consolation cut was made by Mrs. Adrian Moore. The next game will be played in the afternoon. Mrs. W. L. Greer being the hostess. Mrs. Seley's special invitations were extended to Mrs. W. W. Seley, Mrs. M. D. Baker and Mrs. Walter Lacy.

### Society Notes.

Miss Charlotte Naman is out at the sanitarium, where she had the operation for appendicitis on Tuesday.

Mrs. E. R. Nash has been closely confined at the sanitarium for the past two weeks. This was to be with Mr. Nash, who is recovering from an operation two weeks ago.

Miss Helen Arbuckle gave her Sunday school class from the First Presbyterian church a picnic outing on Tuesday. This was at Cameron park.

It is now expected that Sunday will note the departure of Mrs. W. W. Seley and Mrs. Ira Seley for Chicago. During their absence Mrs. Hickman will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. Wilson, on North Fifth.

At the rehearsal on Monday evening

Miss Margaret Brown presented her attendants with fancy pins, set in rare stone. Harold Shear presented his men attendants with handsome souvenir pocketbooks.

It is impossible to keep up with the many outings at the Fish Pond. These occur almost every evening. Do teach the child the small civilities of life which stamp her with culture when she becomes grown.

Mrs. Sam Webb, with Misses Minniebell, Camille and Mozelle Webb, all of whom came for the Shear-Brown wedding, are returning home on Thursday.

Keep the midsummer social department lively and full by sending the editor all possible notes. There is scarce a neighborhood which does not furnish something daily if those within that neighborhood would see that it reaches publicity. Remember all the sayings. "Tis the mickle that makes the muckle"; "It is the small things which count"; "Tall oaks from little acorns grow," and so on.

All the notes from the Baum-Archenhold wedding, which takes place within the coming week, have been promised this department. These will bring from far away Germany not only personal interest for the bride Miss Rose Archenhold, but they will bring details from a real foreign wedding celebration.

There is an interesting little newcomer to the A. P. Ransome home out on Sanger avenue. This is wee Perry Louise Ransome.

Miss Mabel Witt, the interesting little daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Witt of South Third, has been ill during the past few days, but the prospect is that the present week will find her again with her little friends.

Do not forget to hang out the United States flag for the Glorious Fourth. It is done everywhere else, and Texas are just as patriotic as those elsewhere.

Are we all ready to forego the shopping on Friday? Of course we are, for this means to give the girls from Sanger Brothers a half holiday during the ever-lasting summer season. We feel that we are coming into our own as a city sure enough.

So few camping parties this season. Why, we wonder. The Columbia Workers were deprived their anticipated outing at Cameron park on Monday, owing to the illness of several members.

Several times the query has come as to etiquette in a man's downtown office. It is, whether or not a woman who has business in that office should knock at a closed door. Certainly she should not. The office is as public a place as is a shop. The woman is supposed to be admitted whenever she calls.

To the women to whom the cause of suffering humanity appeals, here is something to think about: Throughout the entire United States the dying consumptives have only one bed provided for every ten patients. Can we not remember this when we come to buy our Red Cross stamps at Christmas?

With the fifteenth of this month the Mitchell Nash cottage will close for the remainder of the season. Mr. Nash goes to visit her parents at Marfa and will be absent until September.

It is still the matter of regret to the many friends of Mrs. Pat Neff that she is confined to her bed. She has not been even out of her room for months.

The latest home letters from Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McLendon were mailed from the beautiful Italian Riviera, at Nice. They wrote, not only of delight in their sight-seeing, but of a most congenial party. This latter is a strong feature of success in a European trip.

Having recovered so rapidly Frank Dickey has been removed from the sanitarium and is now with Mrs. Dickey in the home of Mrs. Bolivar Nettles on North Fourteenth.

Miss Clara Williams of Louisiana on a visit to Waco relatives. At present she is with Mr. and Mrs. James Loughbridge on Terrace Row.

Mrs. J. T. Strother of Franklin street is at present in Abilene. She will be absent one month.

Miss Sadie Lawrence of Washington, who has spent some time with friends in Marlin, is due at home on Tuesday.

Mrs. S. F. Kirksey, who had made a short visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Stratton, took her departure on Monday for Houston.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Stratton, with Miss Katherine Stratton, are at the Galvez, Galveston, for a few days.

Misses Fannie Smith and Clara White left on Tuesday for a summer tour of California, the Yellowstone, and other points of interest.

Today notes the departure of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Baker for a summer absence. They go first to Baltimore.

After two weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Higginbotham in Dublin, Mrs. E. R. Nash Jr. reaches home today.

Miss Charlotte Naman returned home from Marlin on Monday.

Mrs. Sam Webb and Miss Mozelle Webb came down from Albany for the Shear-Brown wedding last night.

Mrs. Douglas Ferguson of Oklahoma, who has been visiting friends and relatives here, has gone to spend some time with her mother in Colorado, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. Thorpe are this week's guests of their sister, Mrs. Barney Ferguson, 2003 Gorman.

Mrs. Thorpe will be remembered in Baylor circles at Miss Idalea de Selgeur.

Miss Edna King of San Marcos is a recent visitor to Miss Josephine Torrence on the South Side. She has returned home.

## The Sanger July Clearance Sale

—this dependable sale has been in progress two days, finding a ready response from hundreds of thrifty shoppers.

Sales, like men who lead in life, must have character and ability to give results superior to all others. The Sanger Clearance Sales through genuine values given for almost two score years, have won the confidence of the buying public. *Straight-forward business methods, with genuine reductions* at sales times, have achieved a reputation for reliability for the Sanger Store. Now is a good time to supply the needs for the summer, for the home or for personal use. Select your Fourth of July attire here today. Store will close tomorrow at noon.

## Waists Up to \$6 at 99c

Waists for all purposes in a hundred styles and worth up to \$6.00 at the low price of 99c. These waists portray the latest fashions to a degree and while some are store-mussed and soiled, the majority are perfectly clean, new and crisp. All sizes.

### LINGERIE WAISTS.

(Regular \$2.50, \$3 and 4.)

### TAILORED WAISTS.

(Regular \$1.75 \$2 \$2.50.)

### SILK WAISTS.

(Regular \$4, \$5.00 and \$5.)

### FANCY WAISTS.

(Worth \$4, \$5 and \$6.)

### CHOICE.

99c

## The Linen Dresses

The season's most desirable Dresses—magnificent conceptions of French and Irish Linens, Russian Crashes and Fancy Linen Weaves, in white, pink, blue, gray, tan, brown, gold and fancy effects. Tailored models and fancy styles trimmed with the newest heavy laces, embroideries, buttons, etc. Ladies and Misses' sizes.

All \$7.50 and \$8.50 Linen Dresses.....	\$4.98	All \$27.50 and \$30.00 Linen Dresses.....	\$18.95
All \$10 and \$11.50 Linen Dresses.....	\$6.98	All \$32.50 and \$35.00 Linen Dresses.....	\$22.95
All \$12.50 and \$15 Linen Dresses.....	\$8.98	All \$37.50 and \$40.00 Linen Dresses.....	\$26.95
All \$17.50 and \$20.00 Linen Dresses.....	\$12.98	All \$42.50 and \$45.00 Linen Dresses.....	\$29.95
All \$22.50 and \$25.00 Linen Dresses.....	\$16.98	All \$47.50 and \$50.00 Linen Dresses.....	\$33.95

### ALL LINEN SUITS AT

### 1-4 Off

Choice of our entire stock of new Linen Suits, including the latest Norfolk styles, at ONE-FOURTH OFF.

\$ 5.00 Linen Suits.....	\$ 3.75
\$10.00 Linen Suits.....	\$ 7.50
\$15.00 Linen Suits.....	\$11.25
\$20.00 Linen Suits.....	\$15.00
\$25.00 Linen Suits.....	\$18.75
\$30.00 Linen Suits.....	\$22.50

### ALL SILK DRESSES AT

### 1-2 Price

Our entire stock of new Taffeta, Poulard, Messaline, Satin, Crepe Meteor and Charmeuse Dresses, all colors and in ladies' and misses' sizes.

\$10.00 New Silk Dresses.....	\$ 5.00
\$20.00 New Silk Dresses.....	\$10.00
\$25.00 New Silk Dresses.....	\$12.50
\$35.00 New Silk Dresses.....	\$17.50
\$50.00 New Silk Dresses.....	\$25.00
\$65.00 New Silk Dresses.....	\$32.50

## Linens of the Finest Quality at July Prices

### BEDSPREAD SPECIALS.

Plain hemmed and fringed, with cut corners, large size, our \$1.25 quality; for the July Clearance Sale, each.....

\$1.00

Plain hemmed honeycomb Bed Spreads and fringed, with corners, extra large, our regular \$1.75 quality. July Clearance Sale.....

\$1.35

Plain hemmed and fringed Bed Spreads, cut corners, new patterns, our \$2 quality, for July Clearance Sale.....

\$1.65

Plain hemmed and fringed Bed Spreads, extra large and heavy Marcellines effect, our \$2.25 quality for the July Clearance Sale.....

\$1.90

Scalloped and fringed Bed Spreads, 12-4 size, Marcellines patterns, our \$2.75 quality. July Clearance Sale.....

\$2.10

The Store will Close Tomorrow at Noon. Buy Your Fourth of July Apparel Today.

Plain hemmed Marcellines and satin finished Bed Spreads, scalloped and fringed, with cut corners, our \$4.00 quality, for July Clearance Sale.....

\$2.95

### DAMASK SPECIAL.

58-inch Bleached Damask, values 25c, July Sale.....

20c

66-inch Bleached Mercerized Damask, values 40c, July Clearance Sale.....

45c

72-inch bleached mercerized Damask, values 40c, July Clearance Sale.....

29c

70-inch bleached all-linen damask, values 75c, July Sale.....

59c

70-inch bleached cream Damask, values \$1.00; July Sale.....

75c

72-inch bleached cream Damask, values \$1.25, July Sale.....

95c

### NAPKIN SPECIALS.

15x15 hemmed dice cotton Napkins, values per dozen 50c, July Clearance Sale for.....

37 1/2 c

18x18 bleached mercerized Napkins, hemmed ready for use, values \$1.00 per dozen, July Clearance Sale.....

75c

20x20 cream damask Napkins, German linen, soft finish, heavy quality, regular \$1.50 Napkin, for the July Clearance Sale.....

\$1.25

22x22 bleached and cream damask Napkins, heavy quality, all new patterns, regular selling price is \$2.75; July Clearance Sale.....

\$1.85

22x22 bleached and silver bleached damask Napkins, extra fine and heavy, worth per dozen \$3.50, for July Clearance Sale.....

\$2.75

Sale, per dozen, only.....

After This Week the Store Will Close Each Friday During July and August at 1 O'clock.

**Sanger Brothers**

## BANK CONSOLIDATION THURSDAY IS PROBABLE

CENTRAL TEXAS AND EXCHANGE NATIONAL AWAIT WORD FROM WASHINGTON.

To secure the government's approval to the consolidation of the Central Texas and Exchange National banks, National Bank Examiner Foster of San Antonio arrived in the city yesterday and was closeted a greater part of the afternoon with officials of both institutions.

Following the examination of the finances and books of both banks, if he decides to make one, Mr. Foster will communicate with the department at Washington, and upon receipt of the necessary approval the consolidation of the two banks will be started.

It is planned to make the transfer July 4, if the permit is received from the banking department in time, and in that event, the combined institutions will begin operating Friday morning as the Central Texas Exchange National bank, occupying the Central Texas' location.

W. H. McCullough, president of the Central Texas, and W. W. Woodson, cashier of the Exchange National, will hold their respective positions with the combined banks.

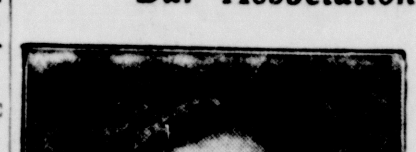
Mr. Foster, upon his arrival in the city, was very optimistic as to the action the department of banking will take at Washington relative to the consolidation, and does not apprehend any delay. He was engaged in going over the books of both banks last night and in communicating with the officials at Washington.

### NEGRO HANGED FOR INSULTING WHITE GIRL

By The Associated Press.

Tampa, Fla., July 2.—Will English, a young negro under arrest for insulting a white girl, was taken from the jail at Bradenton, Fla., early today and hanged to a tree. The mob overpowered Jailor W. S. Young after he had shot at them.

## President State Bar Association



R. E. L. SANGER.

Mr. Sanger delivered his annual address at the opening in Galveston yesterday of the State Bar association.

The body of Jerome R. Gillespie, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gillespie



## LAST GAME ON ERRORS TO FT. WORTH

McLAURIN AND AKIN GO WRONG AND FRIERSON HITS, WACO LOSES 4-3.

Rally in Ninth Turns Tide in Favor of Panthers—One Game Out of Four.

By The Associated Press.

Fort Worth, June 2.—Fort Worth won the last game of the series from Waco today by a rally in the ninth inning. Errors by McLaurin and Akin and a single by Frierison gave the locals the game. Score:

Waco	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Duguey, 2b	2	1	0	5	1	0
Akin, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	1
Beck, lf	4	1	1	2	3	0
Rennard, rf	3	0	2	0	0	0
Wohlleben, 1b	4	1	2	9	0	0
McLaurin, lf	4	0	2	2	0	1
Crichtlow, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Reilly, c	4	0	1	4	1	0
Jost, p	4	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	3	8	25	11	2

Fort Worth—

Cooper, rf	5	1	2	0	0	0
Darringer, 2b	4	0	1	2	4	0
Murch, 3b	5	0	2	2	3	0
Frierison, lf	4	0	3	1	2	1
Salm, 1b	3	1	1	9	0	0
Howard, cf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Thompson, ss	4	0	1	2	3	1
Lemon, c	3	1	0	9	4	2
Cravenstein, p	3	0	1	0	3	0
Totals	35	4	12	27	19	4

By innings—

Waco	110	010	000	—	3
Fort Worth	020	000	002	—	4

Summary—Two-base hits by Salm, Kennard, Wohlleben; three-base hits by Frierison; Sacrifice hits by Frierison, Lemon, Akin, Crichtlow; struck out by Cravenstein 5, by Jost 2; bases on balls, by Cravenstein 4, Jost 2; batters hit, by Jost 1; first base on errors, Fort Worth 1; Waco 1; left on bases, Fort Worth 1; Waco 5; double plays, Lemon, Thompson; stolen bases, Cooper, Murch, Duguey, Kennard; wild pitches Jost 1. Time 1:50; Umpire, McKee.

Austin 4, Dallas 0.

By The Associated Press.

Dallas, July 2.—Ashton pitching for Austin kept the hits scattered in today's game, shutting Dallas out, 4 to 0. Only once during the nine innings was the Senator's pitcher in danger of being scored on. In the second, three bunched hits filled the bases with one out. A pretty double of a line drive to Hunter, Hill relayed to third, retired the side.

Score by innings—

Dallas	000	000	000	—	0
Austin	000	002	110	—	4

Batteries: Evans and Gibson; Ashton and Hininger.

San Antonio 8, Galveston 6.

By The Associated Press.

San Antonio, July 2.—With San Antonio holding a lead of 7 to 0 and Ayers not allowing a hit for six innings, Galveston rallied in the seventh and drove home six runs, Madden's home run with the bases full being a feature. It was Madden who won the first game of the series for Galveston and who has given San Antonio trouble right along. Browning went in and held Galveston down while the Bronchos got an extra one. The final score

being 8 to 6 for the Bronchos, who took three out of the four played. Each side used two pitchers, and both the Pirate tossers were wild. Score by innings—

San Antonio 010 000 001—8 10 0

Galveston 000 000 600—6 5 1

Summary—Double plays by Kap-

han to H. Williams to Hovel to

Mang, Madden to Hovel to Dodd; left

on bases, San Antonio 5, Galveston

2; innings pitched, Martin 3, Tate 5,

Ayers 6 1-3, Browning 2-3; runs

made, off Harbin 2, off Tate 6, off

Ayers 6; three base hit, Clark; home

run, Madden; sacrifice hits, Ayres,

Clark, Ledy; struck out, by Ayres

1, by Harbin 1, by Tate 2, by Brow-

ning 2; bases on balls, by Harbin 5,

by Tate 3, by Ayres 3; batter hit, by

Ayers 1. Time of game 1:50; umpire,

Howell.

Houston 3-1, Beaumont 0-0.

By The Associated Press.

Houston, June 2.—Houston shut

out Beaumont in all of 18 innings

today, winning the first game of a

double-header 3 to 0 and the second

1 to 0. Edmundson, in the opener,

was faced by but 27 batsmen.

Though two made hits and one walk-

ed, one was caught in a double and

the other two thrown out of trying to

steal. Houston won the opener by

scoring two runs on a squeeze play

the bunt by Newnam being one of

the most remarkable ever seen here.

The second game was won on an er-

ror of a sacrifice. Both games were

pitchers' battles. Rose walked out

of many holes in the second, striking

out the league's leading batter, Hol-

ly, in a pinch in the ninth.

By innings—

Houston	000	000	000	—	3
Beaumont	000	000	000	—	0

Batteries: Edmundson and Reynolds;

Norris; Larsen and O'Brien.

Second game—

Houston 000 100 000—1 4 1

Beaumont 000 000 000—0 6 3

Batteries: Rose and Allen; Mar-

tina and O'Brien.

Totals

Houston	010	000	000	—	3
Beaumont	000	000	000	—	0

By innings—

Houston	010	000	000	—	3
Beaumont	000	000	000	—	0

At Washington—

R. H. E.

Philadelphia 100 010 100—3 8 2

Washington 000 002 03—5 5 2

Houck and Lapp; Hughes and

Petty and Henry.

At Detroit—

R. H. E.

Houston 010 000 003—8 13 1

Cleveland 060 010 000—7 11 3

Lake, Dubue and Stange; Krapp,

Basket and O'Neill.

At St. Louis—

R. H. E.

Chicago 000 100 000—1 8 2

St. Louis 000 000 002—2 6 0

Benz and Kuhn; Hamilton and

Krichell.

Second game—

R. H. E.

Chicago 000 104 000—5 7 3

St. Louis 200 200 000—4 12 0

Coombs, Atkins and Graham; Lau-

dermilk and Vance.

At Chattanooga—

R. H. E.

Birmingham 000 200 010—3 9 2

Chattanooga 000 000 000—0 3 0

Smith and Yantz, Covalski and

Meyers.

At Atlanta—

R. H. E.

Atlanta 000 010 250 00—8 11 2

Mobile 000 010 101—5 9 4

Stilton and Donahue; Berger and

Dunn.

Second game—

R. H. E.

Atlanta 100 00—1 5 2

Mobile 000 131 22—9 9 0

Coombs, Atkins and Graham; Lau-

dermilk and Vance.

## Baseball Calendar

### TEXAS LEAGUE.

#### Yesterday's Results.

Fort Worth 4, Waco 3.  
San Antonio 8, Galveston 6.  
Austin 4, Dallas 0.  
Houston 3-1, Beaumont 0-0.

Where They Play Today.

Waco at Dallas.  
Austin at Fort Worth.  
Galveston at Houston.  
Beaumont at San Antonio.

Standing of the Teams.

Clubs	Pld.	W.	L.	Pct.
Houston	78	50	28	.641
San Antonio	80	45	35	.563
Waco	78	43	35	.551
Dallas	80	43	37	.538
Beaumont	75	34	41	.453
Austin	79	35	44	.443
Fort Worth	77	31	46	.403
Galveston	75	30	45	.400

### NATIONAL LEAGUE.

#### Yesterday's Results.

Chicago 9, Pittsburgh 2.  
Philadelphia 7, Brooklyn 6.  
New York 7, Boston 3.  
Others not scheduled.

Where They Play Today.

Philadelphia at Boston.  
Brooklyn at New York.  
Others not scheduled.

Standing of the Teams.

Clubs	Pld.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	63	52	11	.825
Pittsburgh	64	37	27	.578
Chicago	64	37	27	.578
Cincinnati	68	36	32	.529
Philadelphia	60	30	34	.469
Brooklyn	63	25	38	.397
St. Louis	70	27	43	.386
Boston	68	20	47	.299

### AMERICAN LEAGUE.

#### Yesterday's Results.

New York 9, Boston 7.  
Washington 5, Philadelphia 3.  
Detroit 8, Cleveland 7.  
Chicago 1-5, St. Louis 2-4.

Where They Play Today.

Chicago at St. Louis.  
Cleveland at Detroit.

Standing of the Teams.

Clubs	Pld.	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	69	47	22	.681
Philadelphia	65	39	26	.600
Chicago	68	39	29	.574
Washington	69	39	30	.565
Cleveland	67	33	34	.493
Detroit	70	34	36	.486
New York	63	19	44	.302
St. Louis	66	19	48	.282

## National League

At Pittsburgh—

R. H. E.

Pittsburgh 000 000 020—2 8 2

Chicago 012 300 021—9 16 0

Warner, Cole, Robinson and Sil-

mon; Cheney and Archer.

At Philadelphia—

R. H. E.

Brooklyn 100 100 040—6 9 0

Philadelphia 022 000 03—7 11 2

Barger and O'Miller and Erwin;

Alexander, Brennan and Dooin.

At New York—

R. H. E.

Boston 300 000 000—3 10 4

New York 002 300 03—7 10 0

Dickson and Rariden; Crandall

and Meyers.

At New York—

R. H. E.

Boston 300 000 000—3 10 4

New York 002 300 03—7 10 0

Dickson and Rariden; Crandall

and Meyers.

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Boston 300 000 000—3 10 4

New York 002 300 03—7 10 0

Dickson and Rariden; Crandall

and Meyers.

## TWO FIGHTS TO BE STAGED THE FOURTH

WOLGAST-RIVERS BOUT AT LOS ANGELES NOT ATTRACTING GREAT ATTENTION.

Few Think There is Any Possibility of Flynn's Defeating Johnson at Las Vegas.

By W. W. Naughton. Special to The Morning News.

San Francisco, June 29.—The coming Fourth of July will see two world's championship pugilistic events. One will be for the heavy-weight championship of the world. The scene of strife will be Las Vegas, N. M., and the principals will be Jack Johnson and Jim Flynn.

The other affair will take place at Vernon, outside of Los Angeles. It will be for the lightweight championship and will be between Ad Wolgast and Joe Rivers.



**"REMOVAL"****Texas Power and Light Company,**

who have acquired the properties of the Waco Electric and Gas Company, will be found in its new office at 703 Austin avenue on and after June 24th, 1912.

**All Electric Light, Power and Gas Bills Will Hereafter be Paid at This Office**

W. S. Rathell, Local Manager.  
Both Phones 92.

**Run Whole Convention**

Norman E. Mack of New York, chairman of the national committee, charge of the democratic national convention, photographed as he was leaving the armory, in Baltimore.

and wished him the victory he predicted would come in November.

This message came from Champ Clark: "Just leaving for Washington. I congratulate you upon your hard-earned victory and will do all I can to elect you."

Other messages read: Judson Harmon: "I congratulate you on your nomination."

Oscar Underwood: "Accept my congratulations on your nomination. It will give me pleasure to support your cause with my utmost strength."

Governor Marshall of Indiana: "I hope you will accept my congratulations and my promise to do all that my ability and station in life will permit to help you."

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley: "Heartiest congratulations on your deserved nomination. We shall have a real pure-food president."

Gertrude Atherton wired from San Francisco: "I am so glad I can vote for you."

The original Woodrow Wilson club wired from Princeton: "A real ninth inning finish; you can't lose."

Senators Hoke Smith, Ashurst, Overman, Simmons, Fletcher, Mark A. Smith, Hiram, Tillman, Chamberlain, Johnson, Paynter, Bryan and Thompson joined in sending the following: "We congratulate you and the country. We are confident of your overwhelming election."

Mayor Carter Harrison of Chicago wired: "Permit me to express to you my heartiest congratulations on your nomination and best wishes for your election."

Governor Dix of New York: "You have won a fine race and will win the presidency. Congratulations and assurances of hearty support."

Congressman Henry George Jr.: "The boys of the republic are in four hands."

**Watterson Says He'd Support Devil Against Taft and the Colonel**

Louisville, July 2.—Henry Watterson, whose activities both in behalf of and against Woodrow Wilson in the pre-convention campaign received considerable attention, will say in the Courier-Journal tomorrow:

"In a contest between three tickets headed respectively by Taft, Roosevelt and the devil, the Courier-Journal would perform be obliged to support his Satanic Majesty."

"The Courier Journal will at least favor the platform and will support the ticket."

**HEARST IS NOW FOR GOVERNOR WILSON**

Baltimore, July 3.—William Randolph Hearst, who has been one of the principal promoters of Clark's candidacy, said tonight:

"We have made a good fight and lost. I will support the ticket nominated and expect to see it win. I intend to die game in this fight. I am now for Wilson."

**TWO ARRESTS MADE.**

Deputy Sheriff Alva Hatch yesterday afternoon arrested a man said to be wanted in Marlin on a charge of forgery. A short time after, the same officer arrested a negro who gave his name as Ollie Jefferson. The negro is said to be wanted in Austin county on a minor charge. Both prisoners were locked up in the county jail and will be held awaiting the arrival of the officers.

**NOTICE.**

Thursday, July 4th, 1912, Independence Day, being a legal holiday, all bank members of the Waco Clearing House Association will be closed.

C. W. VIVRETT, Manager.

**FIVE ARE KILLED**

Continued from Page 1.

Friends who were with her sent for physicians and when she recovered consciousness she talked of her husband's bravery. The wives of Bourillon, Gest and Elmer, who lived nearby, also saw the accident. Neighbors tenderly cared for them and later they went over to the Venman cottage, where a distressing scene followed. Men turned away as the four widows wept on one another's shoulders.

**Many Theories Advanced.**

After the first excitement and shock had passed, Mrs. Vaniman again collapsed, and later in the day she was under the care of a physician. She was suffering with frequent fainting spells. Her condition is serious.

Mrs. Vaniman, speaking of her husband's bravery, said: "I believe he never knew what fear was. I never presumed to urge him not to go up, for I knew it would not influence him. It would be more exact to say he never would hear what I said. He was devoted to his work and flight."

"I shall never forget the feeling in my heart when he left me at 2 o'clock this morning. I had a foreboding of trouble. I believe it now as truly as I can believe anything, and I am not a superstitious woman."

**Saw Them Fall.**

"Yes, I saw them fall. I saw one man jump. Something tells me that it was my husband. I saw him spread out in the air flat as he fell, and then—Oh, I can scarcely speak of it—all grew dark before me. They were so high in the air—it must have been a thousand feet."

"Before I fainted I now remember that the car turned with one end downward and it shot toward the sea like a cloth, all into a string. I can recall that picture all the rest of my days; it is photographed on my mind."

"All these years of my husband's struggle he and I have been as one. I planned with him. I shared his troubles and did what I could to encourage him."

"At times, in Europe, things were very depressing. But Mr. Seiderling of Akron has been a splendid friend. We have never heard from him one word except in praise."

**Merely Experiment.**

"This Akron he was using for experiment only in a field that he believed already past in the science of aeronautics. His particular reason for going up today was to try out a contrivance he had for estimating the speed an airship travels, an invention of his of his own, based on measurements of the image on the ground on the glass of an inverted camera, showing the earth or sea moving down below."

**WAS WITH WELLMAN.**

Vaniman Got Idea of Sea Trip From Him.

Melville Vaniman first became prominently before the public eye as chief engineer for Walter Wellman who essayed to cross the Atlantic in the dirigible balloon America, leaving Atlantic City on October 15, 1910. The craft remained in the air 70 hours and traveled approximately 8,500 miles when the so-called equilibrators, trailing in the water, caused trouble.

The crew was picked up by a boat without accident.

This short voyage by Wellman inspired Vaniman with the ambition to command a similar craft on an aerial voyage to Europe, and for months past he had been making his headquarters in Atlantic City, waiting for a favorable opportunity to get away in the Akron, a dirigible built along lines designated to overcome the difficulties met by the America.

Mr. Vaniman has had an adventurous career. He was about 43 years old and a native of Illinois. As a practical builder and balloonist he gave his personal attention to the great craft in which he met his death.

"Crossing the Atlantic in a dirigible is not a question of wind or navigation any longer," he said not long ago. "The present perfection of rubber fabrics enables an airship to stay in the air for 30 days if necessary. The success of the trip will be due to the ability of the aeronaut to prevent his craft from rising to an extreme height where the rays of the sun will unduly expand the gas. This problem, I think, I have solved."

A trial flight was essayed October 30, 1911, but a nut came loose and jammed the machinery. On November 4 Vaniman succeeded in making a short flight, but lack of gas brought it to a sudden end. The big balloon landed with a broken propeller blade, a snapped wire and other slight damage.

Today's catastrophe is particularly tragic because it came through an explosion of gas. It was to the banding of the gas rather than to the machinery that Vaniman had devoted most of his efforts. Briefly the plan called for a fabric fifty times as strong as any balloon cloth used before. With the hydrogen thus strongly imprisoned, Vaniman predicted that he could use air for ballast, that is, he could pump air into a compartment within the balloon until the hydrogen's volume had shrunk enough to bring the big dirigible to the ground.

**BRYAN TICKLED ALMOST TO DEATH**

**NEBRASKAN SAYS PROGRESSIVES OF NATION WILL RALLY ROUND NEW JERSEYAN.**

Commoner Sees Democratic Majority of at Least Two Million in November.

By The Associated Press.

Baltimore, July 2.—William J. Bryan in a statement tonight said that the nomination of Woodrow Wilson on a progressive platform meant an overwhelming victory for the democratic ticket next fall. Mr. Bryan said:

"I feel sure that the action of the convention thus far will appeal to the country. I had no choice among progressive candidates, but from the first included Governor Wilson in every list I had occasion to make. His action in coming out strongly against Mr. Parker for temporary chairman was the turning point in his campaign. The country is progressive."

"Nearly all of the democratic party, and more than half of the republican party, are progressive."

"The paramount question before this convention was whether we would take sides with the reactionaries and thus encourage the organization of a third party, and giving to the third party the hope of defeating the reactionaries divided into two parties, this on one side and on the other the nomination of a ticket that would so appeal to the progressive element of the nation as to make a third party improbable."

**2,000,000 Majority.**

"I am satisfied that with Mr. Wilson running for president on the platform which has been prepared there will be comparatively few progressive reactionaries who will not feel justified in supporting the democratic ticket. If I were to make an estimate I would say that we ought to have not less than 2,000,000 majority for the popular vote and enough of the electoral votes to give us an overwhelming majority in the electoral college."

"The action of the convention in adopting the anti-Morgan-Ryan-Belmont resolutions has demonstrated that the democratic party is not only progressive, but is bold enough to throw down the gauntlet to the predatory interests. It is fortunate that Mr. Wilson's nomination was made without the aid of Mr. Murphy. It is no reflection on the many good men in the New York delegation to say this."

**FOR SALE.**

Any one in the market for lots to build on would do well to see me. I have a fine bunch of Provident Heights lots, the prettiest property around Waco. Will make liberal terms if purchaser wants to build nice home.

Phones 963 401 Amicable T. J. PRIMM.

**COMFORT.**

To feel comfortable you must be dressed in clothes that are in conformity with the temperature. I have a large assortment of fabrics particularly suitable for this time of the season. Leave your measure at once with

MIKE ADAM The Tailor, 121 South Fourth St.

**Reference Directory  
REAL ESTATE--PROFESSIONAL  
INSURANCE**

**TOM G. DILWORTH**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR  
AT LAW.  
Practice Limited to Probate and Land Title Matters.  
COURT HOUSE.

**MONEY FOR REAL ESTATE FIRST MORTGAGES.**  
Interest Interesting.  
If the Mortgages Are  
**Ernest S. McKenney**  
44 Provident Building.

**F. M. COMPTON**  
Undertakers and Embalmers  
214 South Fourth St.  
Phones 99, Waco, Texas.

**Layton C. Puckett**  
Undertaker & Embalmer  
316 Franklin Street  
Both Phones 337

**HOWELL L. TAYLOR,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law.  
Office over Powers-Kelly Drug Store.  
Fifth and Austin Sts., Waco, Texas.

**CROSS GROSS & STREET**  
(Lawyers)  
Suite 1403 Amicable Building.

**JOHN FALL UNDERTAKING CO.**  
MRS. JOHN G. FALL, Prop.  
Will Moore, Manager.  
420 FRANKLIN STREET,  
Old Stand.  
BOTH PHONES 150.

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
On farms and city property, long or short time. No delay. Also build homes, monthly or annual payments.

**THE TEXAS LIFE INSURANCE CO.**  
JNO. D. MAYFIELD, Secretary.  
Waco, Texas.

**WALTON D. TAYLOR**  
Attorney-at-Law  
Office in Chalmers Building,  
WACO, TEXAS.

**D. A. KELLY,**  
Attorney-at-Law.  
Waco Loan & Trust Company Bldg.  
412½ Franklin St.  
Old Phone 1633. New Phone 549

**SLEEPER, BOYNTON & KENDALL**  
Attorneys-at-Law  
WACO, TEXAS.

**SMITH BROS.**  
for  
Pratt's Food for stock and poultry.  
Get some Fly Knockers.

**GEO. H. McFADDEN & BROS.**

Agency

W. J. NEALE, Agent.

**COTTON**

WACO, TEXAS.

**McLendon Hardware Co.**

WHOLESALE

**Hardware, Buggies and Implements**  
Waco, Texas

**CLARK BLAMES HIS DEFEAT ON BRYAN**

SAYS HE LOST NOMINATION THROUGH "VILE SLANDERS" OF NEBRASKAN.

Grows Peeved When Party Leaders Try to Force Second Place on Him.

By The Associated Press.

Washington, July 2.—Defeated after a hard battle, but declaring himself satisfied with the fortunes of war, Speaker Clark returned to his office to thunder at the renunciation of the vice presidency offer. He ascribed his defeat to the "vile slanders" of W. J. Bryan.

He had no complaint to make of the final break, but said that victory could have been his had the Underwood forces helped him on the tenth ballot and thereafter. It was conveyed to him that Mr. Bryan desired to nominate him and that the nomination would be made by acclamation.

**Wont Have It.**

To all couriers Mr. Clark gave the same reply, and when he heard that the nomination was being considered in spite of his refusal, he displayed some temper.

"Tell those people over there that I will not take that nomination," he instructed the press when told of the persistence of the movement.

**JUNE BRIDES**

You'll please remember that we can supply you every want in fashionable invitations, reception cards, etc., both in the engraved and printed.

We have an elegant line of goods to select from, and please remember that promptness is important when ordering wedding stationery.

Your order will have prompt and intelligent attention in our hands. The bride will also need a tastefully engraved visiting card. Might as well order it now.

**HILL PRINTING and STATIONERY CO.**

**FOR SALE**

\$4000 WORTH OF GROCERIES AT A LOW PRICE.

Of course we are not going out of business, but we like to clean out our stock every sixty days, that we may put in more goods. By this method we ever have any stale Groceries, but everything new and fresh.

While hundreds are saving money by attending these sales, why not you?

**W. H. COCKCROFT**

THE CASH GROCER,  
603 FRANKLIN.  
Old Phone 478. New Phone 656

Build towns on sane plans; don't plan on plain sand.

**DR. BLOCK**

Has Moved to  
413 Austin Avenue  
In M. Golding's Jewelry Store

**Harmless Fireworks!**

FOR 4TH OF JULY—

Small firecrackers, novelties of all kinds; paper balloons.

**W. A. HOLT CO.**  
Exclusive Dealers  
KODAKS, SPORTING GOODS.

**EVERYTHING**

That goes into a glass of good soda water is a wholesome FOOD. A dime buys a greater food-value in an ice cream soda than in any other beverage for the price.

There is nothing in soda water except pure carbonated water sweetened with pure cane-sugar syrup and flavored with your choice of crushed or whole fruits, fruit syrup or some other aromatic flavor; with or without ice cream. Encourage the children to drink soda water. It not only nourishes and strengthens them because of its food value, but the carbonated water in it is a gentle aid to digestion. It is wholesome and beneficial to grown people too. The kind we make is pure, clean and wholesome. Our EGG drinks are the thing for this people.

**Provident Drug Co.**

**Hamilton-Turner Grocery Company**  
WHOLESALE GROCERS,  
WACO, TEXAS.

Agents Texas Refining Co's El Toro Lard Compound. Guaranteed equal to any hog lard. Made from cream of the cotton. Pure, wholesome, healthful. Demand El Toro. We are here to serve you. Keep us busy.

**Hotel Metropole**

One block from Cotton Belt, I. & G. N., H. & T. C. and ARKANSAS Pass Depots.  
RATES, \$2.50 TO \$4.50 PER DAY. American Plan.  
Sunday Lunch 50c.  
A good place for your mother, wife and sisters. Convenient to all street cars.  
R. G. WENDLAND, Prop.,  
Waco, Texas.

**Central Texas Abstract Co.**  
COURTHOUSE.  
Geo. H. Gray, Manager.

**WACO CABINET AND FURNITURE CO.**  
Old Furniture Made New.  
307 South Fifth Street.  
New Phone 2372.

Skylights, Finials, Crestings, Etc., terms, Guttering, Roofing, Etc.  
J. F. Hunter,  
Tinner and Corncr Maker.  
Repair Work a Specialty.  
219 South 8th St. New Phone 237.

**Texas Concrete Co.**

Walks, Curbs and Concrete Work of all kinds. Office C. L. Johnson & Sons.  
Both Phones 304.

**The Journey Drug Co.**

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS  
and Best Soda Water in Town.  
CORNER SIXTH AND AUSTIN STS.

**WILIE & CARPENTER**

903 AMICABLE—BOTH PHONES 2323.

We have a buyer for a 4-room cottage in any part of Waco near car line. Must be in good repair and worth the money.

A fine home in south part, new and up-to-date. Ideally situated. A bargain for quick sale—\$7250. Terms arranged.

We have some bargains in vacant lots out around the T. C. U. campus. Call us up for an engagement to see them.

A beautiful lot in north part of town, 75 feet on corner. This is the best building site in this part of town. Just the place for your new home. \$3000 for this week only. Terms.

20 beautiful east-front lots near school in East Waco, at special price of \$325 each. Will sell for \$500 each before January 1st.

\$1500 buys 75-foot east-front Provident Heights lot on car line. Near the sewer line, and is high and cool.

\$4500 buys a brand new bungalow in south part. Good neighborhood, all conveniences. This is an ideal home and is more than worth the money.

Call us up when in the market to buy or sell. We will see that it results in good to you.

**WILIE & CARPENTER,**  
903 Amicable Building. Both Phones 2323.



## CONNOR SHOE CO. THIS WEEK

Ladies' White Buck Pumps  
Ladies' White Canvas Pumps  
Ladies' Tan Pumps  
Ladies' Tan Button Oxfords  
Ladies' Tan Blucher Oxfords

Regular Price  
\$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00

**\$3.00**

FOR CASH

CONNOR SHOE CO.

## MORE BONDS OF CITY RETIRED BY COUNCIL

INDEBTEDNESS OF \$41,000 IS  
LIQUIDATED—AUDIT OF THE  
CITY'S BOOKS MADE.

North Waco Fire Station Site Dis-  
cussed—East Waco Street to  
Be Opened.

The city commissioners, in regular session yesterday morning, were gratified over the retirement of bonds amounting to \$41,000, which became due July 1. The bonds in question were of the 6 per cent variety and were styled the Waco & Northwestern railroad bonds. To liquidate the debt, Finance Commissioner Canfield was authorized to use money from the different I. & S. funds belonging to the obligation. The balance of the cash was secured by drawing on the general fund.

A report from the Morgan Audit company, which has just completed an audit of the books of the city, was filed with the board. The report is a voluminous document, and besides the audit of the accounts, it contained many timely suggestions for the facilitation of the work of the city. It was suggested that he be supplied with an assistant. Another suggestion offered, which the commissioners look upon with favor, was to the effect that interest on all securities except the Oklahoma paying note, be paid annually, the Oklahoma note being paid monthly, as is required.

The location for the North Waco fire station came in for a lengthy discussion. Two sites have been suggested. The one which seemed to receive the greater amount of favor was the location on Herring

avenue between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets. It is said the location is an ideal one, and will probably be selected at a later date. It developed that a great deal of opposition had been found to placing the station on the site just west of the Methodist orphanage, the opposition coming, it was stated, from the directors of a church in that vicinity. No action was taken in the matter at the session yesterday morning, but it is planned to close up the matter of a site and finish the details of the building at the earliest possible moment. The \$20,000 bonds which were recently voted for fire station purposes have been signed and will be available at once.

That Hood street, East Waco, which was enclosed by individuals in years gone by, should be opened and put in shape for traffic was the opinion of Commissioner Wright, and was concurred in by the entire board. Motion by Commissioner Gorman to the effect that Hood street, from Chestnut to Elm street, should be opened at once carried, and Chief of Police Hollis Barron was instructed to attend to the matter, under the advice of City Attorney Lud Williams.

An echo of the recently revived alleged billboard nuisance was heard when Commissioner Wright stated that he would be glad to see the matter settled at once. City Attorney Williams was accordingly instructed to prepare an ordinance having for its object the abolition of the wooden billboard and providing for the use of iron or steel instead. The entire board went on record as favoring the new order, and is anxious for the matter to be disposed of at the earliest possible moment.

The monthly report of Tax Collector R. L. Strubling was filed. The report showed that his office had collected and deposited \$11,112.79 for taxes during June.

Hon. Morris Sheppard, candidate for the United States senate, was granted the use of the Blue room for speaking purposes, July 12. T. H. Claypool appeared for the applicant.

Concentrate your efforts on the welfare of your community.

Railroad outlets are prosperity inlets.

## SPECIAL TRAIN via TEXAS CENTRAL TO Walnut Springs ANNUAL PICNIC

Tomorrow July 4th

Leave Waco 7:30 a. m.  
Round Trip Rate \$1.00

## DEADLOCK SMASHED

Continued from Page 1.

been agreed upon, so it was decided that a recess should be taken until 9 p. m., when the vice president would be named and the platform adopted. The interim was devoted to conferences on both subjects.

**Underwood Not Perturbed.**  
Representative Oscar Underwood, who ran third in the presidential race for 45 ballots, maintained his imperturbability when the news of his withdrawal and the stampede to Governor Wilson was taken to him today.

"Underwood has withdrawn" was flashed over the wire. The Alabama representative when shown the bulletin, smiled and said: "I did not know that I was withdrawing. Senator Bankhead is in charge of my campaign, and my friends there know best what to do. It is news to me, but what the Senator says goes."

"I will support the nominee," he added, "and shall spend my time working for the ticket chosen at the convention."

Mr. Underwood was asked about the vice presidency.

"I am not a candidate, do not want it and would not accept it," he declared.

"I have prayed to live to see a real live democratic president before I die. March 4 my prayer will be answered."

President Taft heard the news of Governor Wilson's nomination while at luncheon in the white house. The president declined to comment.

Friends of Mr. Taft, however, said tonight that they could find a grain of comfort in the selection of the Baltimore convention. Expecting Colonel Roosevelt to continue his plan for a third party, they count on progressive elements splitting between Roosevelt and Wilson.

It is said in Washington that the president and his friends feared the nomination of Oscar Underwood or Governor Harmon far more than they did that of Governor Wilson.

## NOMINATED PRESIDENT

Continued from Page 1.

"quad" system for undergraduates. It was resented by the alumni as an attack upon the student clubs and the opposition became so strong that the president was asked by the board of trustees to withdraw his proposal.

The plan succeeded. This preceptor system, by which each student gets the benefit of personal contact with a teacher, is referred to by the president's admirers as the best thing he has done in the field of education. When Mr. Wilson, after twenty-five years of service as an educator, resigned the presidency of Princeton in 1910 to accept the nomination for governor of New Jersey there was a general tendency to look askance at the "schoolmaster in politics." However, he was carried into office on the radical anti-republican wave that swept so many states.

Mr. Wilson was elected by a plurality of 49,000 votes. He was the first democratic governor in New Jersey for 16 years. This brought the former college president prominently into national politics.

His platform pledged his party to the enactment of a workmen's compensation act, a reform of the election laws of the state which would make direct nomination possible, a corrupt practice act and a public utilities commission bill. All these measures were written into the statute books of New Jersey during the first year of Governor Wilson's term, in spite of the fact that one house of the state legislature was republican. While his success in obtaining the passage of these measures served to bring him more prominently before the nation, it was his fight to obtain the election of James F. Martineau to the United States senate to succeed Senator John Keen which probably focused the most widespread attention upon the New Jersey governor. In his pre-election speeches Governor Wilson had given the pledge:

"The people of the state will be the boss—the only boss."

When James Smith Jr., leader of the state machine which nominated Governor Wilson let it be known after the election that he expected the senatorial toga, the governor espoused the cause of Mr. Martineau, the candidate chosen in the popular primary. Governor Wilson won his fight. Of the 28 delegates to Baltimore, 24 were pledged to Wilson.

## ELEGANT OFFICES FOR LEASE


Will Build Offices to Suit Responsible Tenants, in The Morning News' Three Buildings on North Fifth Street. Rent Reasonable, Long Leases, Locations Good, 'Phone 1499 Old.

C. H. TUPPER

## GURLEY PARK JULY 4 AEROPLANE FLIGHT by Harry L. Peyton

MOTOR-CYCLE RACES  
MILITARY MANEUVERS  
BIG SHAM BATTLE 2 p. m.

Admission 50c - Grandstand Free



**Colorado**


In sight of the Rockies for 120 miles

are the Santa Fe

**Thru Sleepers to Denver**

which  
Leave Fort Worth 8:25 a. m. and 11:20 a. m.  
Arrive Denver following evening.

Fred Harvey meals.  
Ask for our beautiful free booklet, "A Colorado Summer."  
W. B. Keenan,  
G. P. A., G. C. & S. F.  
Ry., Galveston.



## CIVIL WAR SHARPSHOOTER DIES OF HEMORRHAGE

By The Associated Press.

Shreveport, La., July 2.—Frank Surratt, aged 69 years, and for 32 years employed at night watchman at the State Charity hospital here, was found dead at his post this morn-

ing as the result of a hemorrhage. Surratt served as a sharpshooter during the war, having been at Fort Sumter at the firing of the first gun. He was a nephew of Mrs. Surratt, who was hanged for alleged complicity in the assassination of President Lincoln.

## MODERN WOODMEN PLAN A BIG CLASS

DISTRICT DEPUTY EXPECTS TO  
HAVE OVER 1000 MEMBERS  
OF ORDER IN CITY.

The camp of Modern Woodmen of America of this city held a rousing meeting last night in Knights of Columbus hall. New members were adopted and several applications were considered. At the close of the meeting ice cream and cake were served.

District Deputy Bert Oakman was present and placed before the Waco camp his plans for a monster class adoption to take place this fall, the date to be announced later. His plans are to make this event the greatest of any ever attempted by that society in Texas, and, as the Waco district comprises 13 counties of the richest agricultural section of the state, with 104 camps in the district, it is the purpose of the deputy to have the class reach the 1000 mark and have all those members together with many of the old members present in this city on the date of the demonstration. Deputy Oakman states he expects to have from one to two thousand Modern Woodmen in Waco to witness the exemplification of the work.

## SCRAMBLE FOR CASH WHEN WAGON BREAKS

COLLAPSE OF EXPRESS COMPANY VEHICLE DUMPS MONEY IN THE STREET.

Philadelphia, July 2.—Adams Express Company wagon No. 1095 was upset at Thirteenth and Filbert streets last night, when a hind wheel collapsed. The contents of the wagon, including an iron safe, were piled into the street. The driver was thrown out, but not hurt.

The wagon was going up Thirteenth street and had just turned into Filbert, when the wheel gave way. There was a rush to assist the driver pick up his packages, but a reserve policeman prevented the advances of those who wished to get rich quick, and there was "nothing doing," to use the modern form.

The wagon contained a number of packages which, to the experienced eye, indicated that they were money. There was the heavy Manila paper, heavily sealed, which generally means a package of value. In addition, there were heavy white canvas coin bags and some letters. A telephone call for assistance to the Adams company headquarters at Eighteenth and Market streets, quickly brought a relief wagon, and the contents of the wrecked vehicle were removed without a cent having disappeared, according to the driver.



**The Voice With the  
Smile Wins**

Doesn't it inspire confidence and give a feeling of assurance to listen to the cheery voice of an operator who is trying to render you efficient service night and day, in times of peril and emergency?

Only the Human Element affords satisfaction when danger or trouble threatens.

Bell Service is to be relied upon.

**THE SOUTHWESTERN  
TELEGRAPH AND  
TELEPHONE COMPANY**



**This Twelve Room Brick Residence  
four blocks from Post Office  
only \$75,000.00**



The above cut shows a 12-room residence, with all conveniences, on corner lot, 72x150, on northeast corner of Third and Clay streets. Should rent for \$80 per month. This property is absolutely worth \$12,000, but is owned by a non-resident. Will accept small payment and give long time on balance.

J. A. HUBBARD & CO., Third Floor Amicable Bldg.

## A NEW LEAF

RESOLVED, That this year I will put my money in a bank. It will be safe there, and will grow.

Peter Cooper, who during his lifetime gave \$630,000 to found Cooper Union in New York City, earned only \$25 a year above his living for the first two years that he was in that city, but saved \$20 of this amount and put it in the bank. This bank offers unexcelled facilities for those desiring to start a savings account, being the only bank in McLennan county with a savings department conducted under the supervision of the state banking laws. Liberal interest is paid on these deposits and every courtesy given to customers, however small the account. Call at the bank and let us talk with you about a savings account.

**Farmers  
and Merchants State  
Bank**

Austin Avenue and Square.

## For Your Stomachs Sake

Eat with us. The place of good things to eat. Everything that the market affords and a little more, you can find here. The best is none too good for our customers.

**CHRISS CAFE**  
Austin Avenue.

**SCROFULINE**  
KING OF SALVES  
AT ALL DRUGGISTS  
25c, 50c and \$1.00.

## 700 CRATES PEACHES

DON'T RUN ALL OVER TOWN  
Looking for  
MAMIE ROSS.  
Call Us Up.  
Old Phone 1111.  
New Phone 108.  
And we will save you 4 baskets, 1 crate,  
FOR 40c

**H. A. WRENCH  
& CO.**

The House That Does Things.



**For Sale—Real Estate.**

**FOR SALE**—One of the nicest businesses in the city for the money invested. Will sell for invoice price. Must be cash on account of leaving city. Address P. O. Drawer 61, Waco. 7-11

**75-FOOT**—the best property on Colcord avenue. Beautifully located and terraced. At a very attractive price for quick sale. R. A. McKinney, 1202 Amicable building. Phone 1767. 7-11

**WRITE US A POSTAL**, made out something like this: "Let me know when you have a property for sale on ..... streets; will insure ..... and ..... It will insure your learning of bargains quickly. Cartwright Realty Co., 403 Amicable Bldg. 7-11

**FOR SALE**—For next few days only 1208 N. 12th St., 6-room house, is nicely papered; also bath, all modern conveniences. This will sell quick owner is anxious to move. O. L. Jackson, room 4, Prov. Bldg.; old phone 932, new phone 2464. 7-11

**FOR SALE**—Laundry in Waco, well located; doing fine business; has \$12,000 up to date machinery, 9 wagons, 7 horses. Total cost \$17,000. On account of proprietor's ill health, will sell for \$10,000, \$5000 cash will handle trade, paying now 25 per cent net profits. Live man can increase business 25 to 50 per cent. See me at once for this bargain. Exclusive. R. A. McKinney, 1202 Amicable. 7-11

**SWELL** south front lot on Parrott avenue, on car line, \$550, \$300 cash balance 1, 2 and 3 years. R. A. McKinney, 1202 Amicable building. 7-11

**FOR SALE**—My home, 2209 Columbus street, 5 rooms, all modern conveniences. Mabry Mistrout, 726 Austin avenue. 7-11

**Cleaning and Pressing.**

**HAZLEWOOD** Tailor Shop, cleaning and pressing neatly done. Satisfaction guaranteed. We call for and deliver. S. W. 1032; Ind. 1032. 111 South Fifth. 7-14

**FIELD'S FAMOUS \$15.00 SUITS.**

**Trade or Exchange.**

**BOARDING HOUSE PROPOSITION** near Baylor, 12 rooms; modern and popular. Will sell or trade for smaller house or vacant lot. Percy Howell, Phone 176, 1202 Amicable Bldg. 7-11

**Wanted—Miscellaneous**

**WANTED TO BUY**—Home in South Waco, value \$2000 to \$3200, on good street. Give terms and location in first reply. "Home," date Morning News. 7-11

**WANTED**—Man of business experience with capital of \$2000 or more, one who has some knowledge of real estate preferred. Address C. M. care The Morning News. 7-11

**A. O. T. MESSENGERS**—Don't trouble to run errands this warm weather. Let the A. O. T. messenger boys serve you. Residence calls a specialty. Old phone 1032; independent phone 1033. O. L. Hazlewood, proprietor, 111 S. 5th. 7-14

**BURNETT'S** Pressing Club, your suit pressed every week. \$1.00 per month. 125 North 5th St. Acme Tailors, W. M. Burnette, proprietor. 7-11

**TEACHER** of cornet and stringed instruments. Summer class rates. New phone 2162. 7-5

**WANTED**—Clean rags. Hill Printing and Stationery Co. 7-11

**Help Wanted—Male.**

**WANTED**—Man of honor, ability and good address for deputy work in the greatest fraternal insurance society in existence. The best proposition of its kind ever offered. The right man will be given unlimited opportunity to make money. Address Bert Oakman, box 1111, Waco, Texas. 7-11

**WANTED**—Good man to represent the Houston Post in Waco; first morning paper here. A good proposition for a good man. See S. M. Gibson, Wednesday, at New Exchange Hotel. 7-11

**WANTED**—A machinist. Good position; year round job for the right man. State age, experience and wages expected in first letter. Waco Cotton Oil Mill, Waco, Texas. 7-3

**TWO young men to work on railroad trains as news agents.** Long run and good pay. Cash security required. Apply to Brown News Co., Cotton Belt depot. 7-11

**STOCK SALESMAN**—A new, clean proposition; a saving for every business man. Clifford C. Beckley, 1902 Amicable building. 7-11

**Situations Wanted.**

**POSITION WANTED** by two experienced maids; answer at once. Call Mrs. E. D. Jones, Room 2, McClellan Hotel, Waco, Texas. 7-11

**EXPERIENCED** sick nurse, with some hospital experience would like position as physician's office assistant, or would take nursing of any kind. References furnished. Box G, News office. 7-11

**FIELD'S FAMOUS \$15.00 SUITS.**

**A News Want Ad may bring just the opportunity you are waiting for. One-half cent a word.**

**Help Wanted—Female.**

**WANTED**—A woman cook. None but single need apply. 2718 North 15th. Old phone 707. 7-11

**WANTED**—A saleslady to handle a good paying proposition. Pleasant, respectable work. Call in person, do not phone. Waco Printing Company, Chalmers Bldg. 7-11

**WANTED**—Healthy young or middle-aged women who wish to take up nursing. Fair wages paid to beginners. Must have common school education and speak good English. Waco Sanitarium. Phone 854, both phones. 7-11

**For Rent—Houses or Flats.**

**FURNISHED ROOMS** for rent. Everything convenient. Close in. 509 Austin. New phone 1973. 7-11

**FOR RENT**—At \$12 per month, five-room house, two corner lots. No. 2001 Ruler street, claret and hydrant water. Apply to Mrs. Tannison, 2001 Summer street. 7-11

**THREE-ROOM, mission interior finish; best built 3-room house in Waco; warm in winter, cool in summer; only \$9; white families only. Wenz, 110 1/2 Ninth St. 7-11**

**For Sale—Miscellaneous.**

**FOR SALE**—One beautiful black mare, 4 years old; fine buggy animal; weighs 1050 pounds. One bay horse, 8 years old, good driver; guaranteed to be absolutely safe for ladies; weighs 1100 pounds. Call phone 1500, New phone 2400. 7-11

**FOR SALE**—White Orphingtons. 1 new offer stock and eggs at reduced price. W. C. Gilmore, old phone 1591. 7-11

**FIELD'S FAMOUS \$15.00 SUITS.**

**For Rent—Rooms.**

**FOR RENT**—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Also a nicely furnished front bed room. 511 South Eighth street. Mrs. T. A. Tankey. 7-11

**FOR RENT**—Store room, 610 Washington street. Streeter & Co. Both phones. 7-11

**FIELD'S FAMOUS \$15.00 SUITS.**

**Special Notices**

**WE HAVE** a bright office boy who is about to end the job for which we engaged him, and having no further use for his services, and having him to capable and worthy of encouragement, we are advertising at our own expense to locate a position for him until school opens. If you need a boy, try this one. He is better than the ordinary run of boys. Call old phone 746. 7-11

**SUMMER CLASSES**—Commencing July 1st, work in all grades. Individual instruction. Also music on piano. 728 North Ninth St. New Phone 1962. Fay and Pearl Bailey. 7-11

**EDWARD COLMAN**, foot specialist. Corns removed without pain. Cures all diseases of the foot. Lady attendant. Free examination. 608 1-2 Austin street. 7-11

**BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!**—Waco Brick Company will deliver Corcoran or Ferris brick for \$19.00 per thousand. 7-11

**COAL OIL JOHN** repairs gas and gasoline stoves. New phone 266. 7-11

**YOU will keep that pleasant smile if you have your auto painted at Pat F. Hopkins' shop on So. 8th. Phones 871. 7-11**

**WE ARE** authorized to announce John W. Baker as a candidate for county clerk of McLennan county, subject to the action of the democratic primary, July 27, 1912. 7-11

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**The Waco Morning News.**

**CLIFTON H. TUPPER,**

Editor, Owner and Founder.

Member of the Associated Press. The Waco Morning News entered second-class mail matter at the postoffice at Waco, Texas, under the act of March 3, 1879.

**TOM G. TAYLOR,**

Advertising Manager.

Dallas offices, 308 Juanita Building; W. R. Wynne, State Advertising Representative.

Waco offices, 114, 116 and 118 North Fifth street.

The Waco Morning News is published every day in the year at Waco, Texas, and carries the complete grand trunk line service of The Associated Press, and has the largest service of any newspaper published in Central Texas.

The only newspaper in Central Texas that receives The Associated Press dispatches every day.

Terms of subscription: By carrier, 75 cents per month; \$2.10 for three months; \$4.00 for six months; \$7.50 per annum. By mail: \$1.50 for three months, \$3.00 for six months, \$6.00 per annum. Invariably in advance.

**Announcements.**

**TOM L. McCULLOUGH** is a candidate for the office of district judge, Nineteenth district, subject to the action of the democratic primary in July.

**THE WACO MORNING NEWS** is authorized to announce S. S. Fleming a candidate for sheriff of McLennan county, subject to the action of the democratic primary, July 1912. 7-11

**WE ARE** authorized to announce George W. Tilley as a candidate for re-election to the office of sheriff of McLennan county, subject to the action of the democratic primaries. 7-11

**WE ARE** authorized to announce Bryant Allen as a candidate for re-election to the office of public weigher, Precincts 1 and 4, McLennan county, subject to the action of the democratic primaries. 7-11

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**News Market Page**

—BY THE NEWS LEASED WIRE OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—

**COTTON—GRAIN—STOCKS—LIVE STOCK****OFFERINGS ABSENT FEATURES COTTON**

**RAINS IN EAST AND BUYING BY COMMISSION HOUSES RESULT IN FIRMER MARKET.**

By The Associated Press.

New York, July 2.—A notable absence of offerings was again a feature of cotton today. In connection with further rains in the eastern belt, moderate commission house buying of new crop months resulted in general firmness throughout the session, prices at one time being 8 to 10 points higher with the close steady at a net advance of 3 to 6 points.

The market opened 3 to 5 points lower and the balance to 3 higher influenced in part by a private report of excessive rains in the Atlantic states. The weather report proved to be rather unsatisfactory, confirming the private advice about unfavorable conditions east of the Mississippi. In addition to abnormal precipitation the nights have been too cool for the proper development of the crop.

Advices from Texas have continued bullish, the forecast indicating unsettled weather and showers in the western belt, relieving the recent dry spell. A local trade paper was out with a condition of \$12, while 45 members of the New York Cotton Exchange estimated that the government report would be around \$2.50. It was the impression in many quarters that a condition of \$2 tomorrow would be considered about a stand-off. A big spot demand was reported here and south, premiums being among the highest on record. Liverpool was disappointing early in face of large sales, but recovered. The south was a moderate buyer of new crops during the forenoon, presumably on adverse weather outlook in the eastern belt.

Receipts 3513 against 3774 last week and 957 last year. Today's receipts at Galveston 1119 against 594 last year; at New Orleans 1999 against 145 last year and at Houston 1119 against 125 last year.

**NEW ORLEANS COTTON.**

By The Associated Press. Memphis, June 2.—Cotton seed products, prime basis oil 5.83@5.87, meal, \$2.75; linters 2 1/2@4 1/2. NEW ORLEANS—Cotton seed oil, prime refined in barrels, 7.15c, choice meal, 8 per cent ammonia, per ton, \$29, choice cake, \$27.50.

**NEW YORK DRY GOODS.**

By The Associated Press. New York, July 2.—The dry goods markets are steady. Cotton goods rule firm with trading of moderate volume. Worsted yarns are tending higher. Silks are being more freely talked of for spring.

**MINISTER JURY FINDS CHAUFFEUR NEGLIGENT.**

By The Associated Press. Baltimore, July 2.—For the first time in this city, clergymen representing different denominations sat as a jury in the coroner's court yesterday in the case of an automobile fatality. So that the clergymen might have the information they would thus receive in sermons on care and caution for drivers and pedestrians on the streets.

**LIVERPOOL FUTURES.**

By The Associated Press. Liverpool, July 2.—Futures opened quiet and closed steady. July 6.42 1/2, Aug. 6.41, Sept. 6.39, Oct. 6.37, Nov. 6.35, Dec. 6.33, Jan. 6.31, Feb. 6.29, Mar. 6.27, Apr. 6.25, May 6.23, Jun. 6.21, Jul. 6.19, Aug. 6.17, Sept. 6.15, Oct. 6.13, Nov. 6.11, Dec. 6.09, Jan. 6.07, Feb. 6.05, Mar. 6.03, Apr. 6.01, May 5.99, Jun. 5.97, Jul. 5.95, Aug. 5.93, Sept. 5.91, Oct. 5.89, Nov. 5.87, Dec. 5.85, Jan. 5.83, Feb. 5.81, Mar. 5.79, Apr. 5.77, May 5.75, Jun. 5.73, Jul. 5.71, Aug. 5.69, Sept. 5.67, Oct. 5.65, Nov. 5.63, Dec. 5.61, Jan. 5.59, Feb. 5.57, Mar. 5.55, Apr. 5.53, May 5.51, Jun. 5.49, Jul. 5.47, Aug. 5.45, Sept. 5.43, Oct. 5.41, Nov. 5.39, Dec. 5.37, Jan. 5.35, Feb. 5.33, Mar. 5.31, Apr. 5.29, May 5.27, Jun. 5.25, Jul. 5.23, Aug. 5.21, Sept. 5.19, Oct. 5.17, Nov. 5.15, Dec. 5.13, Jan. 5.11, Feb. 5.09, Mar. 5.07, Apr. 5.05, May 5.03, Jun. 5.01, Jul. 4.99, Aug. 4.97, Sept. 4.95, Oct. 4.93, Nov. 4.91, Dec. 4.89, Jan. 4.87, Feb. 4.85, Mar. 4.83, Apr. 4.81, May 4.79, Jun. 4.77, Jul. 4.75, Aug. 4.73, Sept. 4.71, Oct. 4.69, Nov. 4.67, Dec. 4.65, Jan. 4.63, Feb. 4.61, Mar. 4.59, Apr. 4.57, May 4.55, Jun. 4.53, Jul. 4.51, Aug. 4.49, Sept. 4.47, Oct. 4.45, Nov. 4.43, Dec. 4.41, Jan. 4.39, Feb. 4.37, Mar. 4.35, Apr. 4.33, May 4.31, Jun. 4.29, Jul. 4.27, Aug. 4.25, Sept. 4.23, Oct. 4.21, Nov. 4.19, Dec. 4.17, Jan. 4.15, Feb. 4.13, Mar. 4.11, Apr. 4.09, May 4.07, Jun. 4.05, Jul. 4.03, Aug. 4.01, Sept. 3.99, Oct. 3.97, Nov. 3.95, Dec. 3.93, Jan. 3.91, Feb. 3.89, Mar. 3.87, Apr. 3.85, May 3.83, Jun. 3.81, Jul. 3.79, Aug. 3.77, Sept. 3.75, Oct. 3.73, Nov. 3.71, Dec. 3.69, Jan. 3.67, Feb. 3.65, Mar. 3.63, Apr. 3.61, May 3.59, Jun. 3.57, Jul. 3.55, Aug. 3.53, Sept. 3.51, Oct. 3.49, Nov. 3.47, Dec. 3.45, Jan. 3.43, Feb. 3.41, Mar. 3.39, Apr. 3.37, May 3.35, Jun. 3.33, Jul. 3.31, Aug. 3.29, Sept. 3.27, Oct. 3.25, Nov. 3.23, Dec. 3.21, Jan. 3.19, Feb. 3.17, Mar. 3.15, Apr. 3.13, May 3.11, Jun. 3.09, Jul. 3.07, Aug. 3.05, Sept. 3.03, Oct. 3.01, Nov. 2.99, Dec. 2.97, Jan. 2.95, Feb. 2.93, Mar. 2.91, Apr. 2.89, May 2.87, Jun. 2.85, Jul. 2.83, Aug. 2.81, Sept. 2.79, Oct. 2.77, Nov. 2.75, Dec. 2.73, Jan. 2.71, Feb. 2.69, Mar. 2.67, Apr. 2.65, May 2.63, Jun. 2.61, Jul. 2.59, Aug. 2.57, Sept. 2.55, Oct. 2.53, Nov. 2.51, Dec. 2.49, Jan. 2.47, Feb. 2.45, Mar. 2.43, Apr. 2.41, May 2.39, Jun. 2.37, Jul. 2.35, Aug. 2.33, Sept. 2.31, Oct. 2.29, Nov. 2.27, Dec. 2.25, Jan. 2.23, Feb. 2.21, Mar. 2.19, Apr. 2.17, May 2.15, Jun. 2.13, Jul. 2.11, Aug. 2.09, Sept. 2.07, Oct. 2.05, Nov. 2.03, Dec. 2.01, Jan. 1.99, Feb. 1.97, Mar. 1.95, Apr. 1.93, May 1.91, Jun. 1.89, Jul. 1.87, Aug. 1.85, Sept. 1.83, Oct. 1.81, Nov. 1.79, Dec. 1.77, Jan. 1.75, Feb. 1.73, Mar. 1.71, Apr. 1.69, May 1.67, Jun. 1.65, Jul. 1.63, Aug. 1.61, Sept. 1.59, Oct. 1.57, Nov. 1.55, Dec. 1.53, Jan. 1.51, Feb. 1.49, Mar. 1.47, Apr. 1.45, May 1.43, Jun. 1.41, Jul. 1.39, Aug. 1.37, Sept. 1.35, Oct. 1.33, Nov. 1.31, Dec. 1.29, Jan. 1.27, Feb. 1.25, Mar. 1.23, Apr. 1.21, May 1.19, Jun. 1.17, Jul. 1.15, Aug. 1.13, Sept. 1.11, Oct. 1.09, Nov. 1.07, Dec. 1.05, Jan. 1.03, Feb. 1.01, Mar. 0.99, Apr. 0.97, May 0.95, Jun. 0.93, Jul. 0.91, Aug. 0.89, Sept. 0.87, Oct. 0.85, Nov. 0.83, Dec. 0.81, Jan. 0.79, Feb. 0.77, Mar. 0.75, Apr. 0.73, May 0.71, Jun. 0.69, Jul. 0.67, Aug. 0.65, Sept. 0.63, Oct. 0.61, Nov. 0.59, Dec. 0.57, Jan. 0.55, Feb. 0.53, Mar. 0.51, Apr. 0.49, May 0.47, Jun. 0.45, Jul. 0.43, Aug. 0.41, Sept. 0.39, Oct. 0.37, Nov. 0.35, Dec. 0.33, Jan. 0.31, Feb. 0.29, Mar. 0.27, Apr. 0.25, May 0.23, Jun. 0.21, Jul. 0.19, Aug. 0.17, Sept. 0.15, Oct. 0.13, Nov. 0.11, Dec. 0.09, Jan. 0.07, Feb. 0.05, Mar. 0.03, Apr. 0.01, May 0.00, Jun. 0.00, Jul. 0.00, Aug. 0.00, Sept. 0.00, Oct. 0.00, Nov. 0.00, Dec. 0.00, Jan. 0.00, Feb. 0.00, Mar. 0.00, Apr. 0.00, May 0.00, Jun. 0.00, Jul. 0.00, Aug. 0.00, Sept. 0.00, Oct. 0.00, Nov. 0.00, Dec. 0.00, Jan. 0.00, Feb. 0.00, Mar. 0.00, Apr. 0.



# Editorial Page of Waco Morning News

## THE SONG OF THE SEA AND NATURE'S CALLING.

All during these summer days and nights, thoughts are ever turning seaward and we are "lifting our eyes" towards the mountains whose majestic crests divide the sky-line, dim, cool-looking, and half obscured by the distance. Over all places rise and set by day and by night the sun and the moon and the stars and 'tis only by an effort that one can concentrate the mind upon the practical details of every-day workaday life, with its ever-changing, ever vexing problems which meet us face to face each day of our existence. Is it indeed not difficult to compel the body to perform the physical tasks which it must perforce accomplish? How can we find any pleasure in what is come to be drudgery when Nature is calling insistently, compellingly to us to come to her bosom and there to seek rest for the tired body and racked nerves and recreation for the over-strained mind. There are places where one may find a natural play-ground either in the smooth, peaceful valleys which nestle at the foot of the commanding mountains, or, following the uplift of the spirit, climb its craggy sides to gain its hoary crest, there where its mighty face watches the seasons come and go, the tender green of the unfolding leaf, first harbinger of spring, pre-announced by the ice-breaking of winter, the sliding of many snows down the mountain sides, to melt into foaming torrents and cascades which dash downward on their mad rush to the sea; the deepening bloom of summer, which, with its golden fruitage, ripened by the touch of autumn, merges into that season; all the while the sweet secrets of Nature are witnessed by the majestic mountain, who sees in the distance the approach of winter's blasting touch. That is a noble playground where health and vigor may be regained and living is truly a delight; where the petty things of life sink into insignificance before the grandeur and the dignity of Nature's statutes, these noble mountains whose watchful eyes guard the peace of the dwellers of the little valleys at their feet, whose songs are all of joy and security and prosperity.

Anon will come the picture of the moonlit sea—a long, pebbly beach where in their waking hours children come with tiny spades and buckets to dig "fiddlers" and make "free houses" over naked hands and feet, there to gather the shining shells and soft sea-weed at their feet. There, where the long billows roll shoreward and the white-crested waves dash enchantingly, to break at your very feet, they leave on the sands their toll of queer things gleaned from the secret depths of the ocean out yonder. Sometimes it is the shell of a star-fish, again a bit of driftwood tangled in the midst of a bunch of seaweed which may have floated formerly on the "Sea of Sargossa" that comes floating in. Again it cruelly flings a poor jelly-fish far out on the sands, where it will lie helpless till it shrivels up like a green leaf, whipped by the scorching winds into a brown semblance of its former self. Again 'tis night and you are afloat in "your sampan, with your dainty geisha, upon a golden river with joy bells ringing," while you drift with the tide, the moonlight forming a gleaming pathway of silver which stretches from the shore to your feet; a rippling sheen of silver light which seems solid enough to support your footsteps and recalls to mind the beautiful picture of Christ walking upon the water to calm the fears of the poor folk whose hearts were lightened of their load by His coming and His going.

The sea lures ever. There is fascination in its ceaseless ebb and flow; there is a magic in the kiss of the white caps which come plunging and leaping toward you while you float in the mighty bosom of the ocean. In your ears is the roar of a multitude of sea-shells all singing the song of the sea which stretches from shore to shore, connecting the peo-

ples of this land with those of foreign continents, for it is your sea here and their ocean over there, the vast ocean which reaches over deeps, vast and mysterious, whose billows roll over mountains hidden beneath its surface, over sunken, glorious gardens studded with pearls and other ocean gems, where mermen and mermaids hold mystic sweet communion, telling o'er and o'er again their magic tales of days gone by when the Ancients sought the golden fleece and found it nestling in a maiden's hair, and happiness too deep for words in her embrace. Again the billows surge o'er dread secrets and tragedies we would forget, mighty mysteries of the upheaval of land and seas, the blotting out of ancient nations and the birth of new—all these and many other histories centuries old does the mighty ocean tell in its thunderous roar or the sweet whisperings of the gentle waves which caress the kindly shore. A mighty playground, indeed, luring, tempting the tired children of earth to forget by its varied attractions the busy marts of trade, the trafficking in dollars and cents, and the bartering of mind and body in the struggle of bread-winning.

Who can work faithfully and earnestly when Nature calls so insistently to come and rest and make use of the great playgrounds stretched fascinatingly on all sides of us?

## STRANGE THINGS MAY HAPPEN.

Should Colonel Roosevelt really decide to make the race for president of the United States there will be three candidates, and it may result in no nomination in the electoral college, for the constitution requires a majority of all the electoral votes, and should no one receive a majority of the electoral votes, the election of a president shall then devolve upon congress, each representative being entitled to one vote. As the Democrats and the Republicans are pretty evenly divided, there might be some very extraordinary results. In case there should be no election by the representatives in congress, who would be the president of the United States. The vice president could not be, for his term expires the fourth of March, although the constitution says that the vice president shall act as president. Some claim that as the term of the secretary of state holds past the fourth of March, he would become the president of the United States, in case the electoral college and congress should fail to choose one.

Many people, often having gleaned the best of their magazines, carelessly throw them aside, thinking never to need them again, saying that there are so many new ones coming along all the time that the present numbers are out of date. If you will take the trouble to run through some of your back numbers as old as a year ago you will be surprised to see how pertinent many of the leading articles and editorials really are. For instance, an editorial story worth repeating is as follows: "Do our young men smoke before girls without permission? Of course not. There is a regular formula mumbled usually when the match is already blazing, 'Do you mind if I smoke?' and the customary answer which few have the temerity to vary is a gracious, 'Not at all!' One girl who knew not man, was frank. She *did* object and said so. Her companion, whom she had but recently met, gazed at her in unconcealed astonishment for a few moments. Then he suggested with considerable kindness that she 'had better get over that.' However, if it is too much to expect that the presence of girls shall compensate for the lack of cigars; if we must forego the pleasure of masculine society or agree to accept it plus its pipe, then we sigh for a day when the thoughtfulness of men shall be so developed that they observe when the wind is blowing smoke directly in our faces, and that they shall lay aside

their pipes before the atmosphere is so cloudy that for days our dresses, even our hair, shall be strong with the odor of tobacco."

Religion is burdened with many errors which should rest on the shoulders of the people who originate them. These mistakes may come from the layman or they may be the utterances of some who preach not wisely. One of the things which oftentimes militates against religion is the way it is used to flag people into subservience. For instance, when a poor, sorrowing mother has lost a child by death, she is sometimes told it is the just wrath of God punishing her for some sin, perhaps lack of church attendance or something else not in accordance with the views of her church or of the person's point of view who is administering the rebuke. As if our Heavenly Father would visit vengeance! That sort of belief is not conducive to religious faith and is one of the common errors made by over-enthusiastic and wrong-thinking zealots. On the contrary, if people would talk a God of undying love and gentle pity and speak of heaven as a refuge for the suffering, the sick and the needy, there might be many more who would come into the fold.

When one is weary with the grind and tired with toil in the city, how restful and quieting is a sequestered lake nestling in the mountains, its blue cool waters teeming with fish, its banks lined with sheltering trees. There is nothing so restful as waters, though water itself is seldom still, nearly always tossed about in caps of foam or rippling waves that break upon the sandy shore. There is a peculiar magic in the wind that blows o'er limpid waters to chase dull care away, to smooth the wrinkles from the brain, and start the nerves tingling again with life and energy. Have you ever been upon the water on a moonlight night, drifting about in a rowboat, and watch the silver streamers light a gleaming pathway upon the placid bosom of the lake? Isn't it a wondrous glory? Do you recall anything more exquisitely beautiful, more entrancing? And when the morning comes and day breaks in the east, where is there in all this world one with soul so dead who is not thrilled with the splendor of the waking dawn as the streamers, royal blue, pink and golden, lengthen in the eastern sky, blending, shifting, changing, glowing as the day creeps out of bed. 'Tis sweet to live when one can dwell so close to nature, and catch a glimpse of sunrise glory and moonlight splendor on the bosom of a limpid lake.

Quite frequently we see old men and women in hard positions, working day in and day out to earn their daily bread. It seems hard that old people have to work when there are many able-bodied young people who are idle and who make no effort to assist such unfortunates. In the cities we see old men shoveling coal and digging ditches in the hot sun, and at the same time we see rich young men riding past in their automobiles, never noticing the pathetic picture. When a man has worked during his youth and his manhood, and has given to the world a son or a daughter, supporting them until they, too, reach manhood or womanhood, it seems entirely too much that he should work with the same struggling energy in his old age. Conditions are improving for the poverty-stricken aged, but there is still too much suffering for them.

"The most completely lost of all days is the one in which we have not laughed."

"Cheerfulness is a blossom of which Optimism is the plant."—Jordan.

The hypocrisy of Mr. Bryan has lost him many friends throughout the nation. His outrageous attack upon Mr. Clark caused the tide to turn, perhaps, but be that as it may, Mr. Bryan professed friendship for the speaker, while he built a situation that was inspired by the same selfish motive that led Colonel Roosevelt to attempt to wreck the party that made him president. Mr. Bryan's inglorious part shows him in the role of a common and sensational advertiser and has impaired his further usefulness to the party. He has been a burden to the democratic party for these sixteen years.

We love grand old, kind old Champ Clark better yet in his defeat, for he stands head and shoulders above them all. It seems tough that he carried the lead so long and that by the two-thirds requirement his hound dawg was finally kicked out.

Now that Wilson has been chosen leader of the democratic hosts, numerous brainless, alleged editors will claim the honor of having advocated his candidacy.

## WILSONITE ADMITTED ON CLARK BADGE

Baltimore, July 2.—Appropos of the Champ Clark men at yesterday's session in passing in Clark rosters to the convention without tickets, the following story was told this morning by Dabney M. Wharton of Windsor Hills, an ardent Wilson man. "I was standing outside the armory," he said, "waiting for a friend who had tickets, when a fellow came up and pinned a blue Clark ribbon on my coat. I was standing near one of the entrances at the time, and just as I was about to remove the ribbon, the doorkeeper signaled me to walk in. I did so, and had a fine chance to join in the Wilson demonstrations."

## JAIL AND FINE FOR A RECALTRANT

Lake Charles, La., July 1.—"You needn't put up such a long spell. Fine me if you want to," was substantially the language used by R. P. Sullivan in addressing Judge Overton this morning, after being brought here as a witness in a murder case, following a four days' delay in answering the court's summons.

Judge Overton pronounced a sentence of \$1 and costs and ten days in jail, and added:

"Mr. Sheriff, take him to jail for 24 hours for contempt of court, and collect the fine imposed."

## A CRYING NEED.

Gabe—"I wish Edison would invent one more thing before he quits."

Steve—"And what is that?"

Gabe—"A silencer of pianolas."

—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## Mutt Tries to Steal His Own Convention

## Drawn Especially For The Morning News by "Bud" Fisher

